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Taishin Bank

2003 Annual Report



We bring to sight a better tomorrow.

Printed in June 2004

Taishin Bank

Annual Report 2003

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Focused

Chairman's Message to Shareholders I

Chairman's Message to Shareholders



Following the end of the U.S.-Iraq war and the amelioration of the SARS epidemic in Asia in 2003, governments all over the world simultaneously adopted loose-money and expansionary fiscal policies that gradually pulled the world out of the shadows of the growth slump that plagued the first half of the year. The current estimation by JP Morgan Chase puts the annualized rate of real global GDP growth in the third quarter at 5.4% compared with the previous three-month period, a 20-year record high for a single quarter. Under the stimulation of the early recovery of the United States economy, plus the strong rebound of Japan, China, and other major Asian economies which in turn stimulated an European escape from the morass of economic slump, there was a substantial increase in the strength of the global recovery in the second half. With the dissipation of the uncertainties caused by the U.S.-Iraq war, the SARS epidemic, and other factors,

along with the steady recovery of the international economy and the growing effectiveness of the government's stimulative programs, the clouds that had covered the island in the first half of the year were swept clean. Industrial production grew by the month and export orders as well as the volume of import and export trade hit record highs, indicating that the domestic economy had broken away from the depths of the slump.

Both the International Monetary Fund (IMF) and the Economist Intelligence Unit (EIU) optimistically forecast global economic growth at between 3.9% and 4.1% in 2004. Taiwan's domestic economy will be affected by the presidential election, the Executive Yuan's planned five-year NT\$500 billion "New Ten Major Projects Plan," the ongoing development of the "Two Trillion-NT Dollar and Twin Star Industries," and other factors with a relatively high degree of uncertainty; with the influence of such favorable factors as the improvement in the business and financial structures and the steady return of international orders, however, the Taiwan Institute of Economic Research and the Chunghua Institution for Economic Research remain optimistic, projecting, respectively, that the economic growth rate for the year will rise to 4.62% and 4.26%. The initial results of the vigorous writing off of bad debt by the nation's banks became apparent in 2003, and with the steady formation of consolidation brought about by financial holding companies, the profitability of the financial industry as a whole is expected to experience a large increase.

In the year just past, the Taishin International Bank was able to turn in a brilliant report card thanks to the leadership of our executives at all levels and to the concerted efforts of our entire staff. It was, in fact, the best performance in our history. Pre-tax profits reached NT\$7.769 billion, up 61.02% over the NT\$4.825 billion recorded in 2002; after-tax profits of NT\$6.166 billion represented an increase of 51.24% over the NT\$4.077 billion chalked up the year before; and earnings per share were NT\$2.47, an improvement of 54.38% over 2002's NT1.60.

The Taishin Financial Holding Co.,Ltd. of which the Taishin International Bank is an affiliate, was the first financial holding company in Taiwan to operate cross-boundary operations among subsidiary companies, adopting the functional (business group) organization type of operation. This allowed the effects of synergy to make themselves obvious in the first year of operation. After the Taishin Financial Holding Company took in Taiwan Securities and Taishin Bills Finance last year, for example, the joint marketing of insurance brought in NT\$6.77 billion in premium income from new policies. The mutual fund business raised NT\$69.8 billion, bringing in NT\$892 million in commission income. In the area of cash card products, joint marketing added 270,000 new cards, accounting for 37.1% of all the new cards issued in Taiwan during the year. In the credit card business, almost 150,000 cards were issued through joint marketing. Commission income from portfolio products amounted to NT\$716 million, also thanks to the contribution of joint marketing. These figures show that following last year's organizational re-engineering, the functional organization model resulting from the adoption of the business group operating framework has proven its success and made clear that the benefits of joint marketing have begun showing their worth.

After a long period of preparation, the Taishin International Bank's core information system went online on Feb. 16, 2004, not only bringing customers a fuller spectrum of services and greatly enhancing system stability and transaction security, but also providing greater business flexibility and system automation. This was a great leap forward in the timeliness and comprehensiveness of the maintenance of customer data, and in the future it will bring greater effectiveness to the joint marketing efforts of the different business groups.

Taiwan's financial industry has suffered through all kinds of different changes and painful blows in recent years. New financial products and new financial business models and organizations have appeared constantly, making competition more intense than ever. Domestic and foreign financial scholars and experts, Finance Ministry officials, and even our fellow bankers have all predicted that there will be a shakeout among Taiwan's financial holding companies over the next three to five years, and that after a period of consolidation only five or six of the strongest ones will be left in the market. The Taishin International Bank will strive to formulate appropriate and effective strategies; and, with all of our operating team working together to carry them through, we can be assured that we will ultimately emerge victorious from this flood of change.

Thomas Wu, Chairman

Taishin Bank Annual Report 2003



Profile of Taishin

Profile of Taishin

Organization Chart (as of Apr., 13, 2004) **Audit Division** Secretariat Division President Executive Vice President bor Safety & Health Com Affluent Banking. North District

Directors and Supervisors

Title	Name
Chairman	Thomas T.L. Wu
Vice Chairman	Eric T. Wu
Director	Long-Su Lin
Director	Michelle R.N. Sun
Director	Chu-Chan Wang
Director	Thomas K.K. Lin
Director	Charles W.Y. Wang
Supervisor	Henry C.S. Kao
Supervisor	Shang-Pin Wu
Supervisor	Jen-Ten Hong

Managers

Title	Name
President	Daniel M. Tsai
Executive Vice President	James G.D. Liao
Executive Vice President & Auditor	Howard Wu
Senior Vice President, Corporate Banking Business Development Division	H.E. Chang
Senior Vice President, Consumer Lending Group	Spike Wu
Senior Vice President, Branch Management Division	Tsung-Hsin Tsui
Senior Vice President, Wealth Management Division	Morris Huang
Senior Vice President,Information Technology Services Division	B.R. Ho
Senior Vice President, Processing & Servicing Division	Ena Swei
Senior Vice President, Corporate Credit Administration Division	Leon Guo
Senior Vice President, Administration & Services Division	Carlos Chen
Senior Vice President, Secretariat Division	Ming-Nan Lin
Senior Vice President, Human Resources Division	Kevin Huang
Senior Vice President,Personal Finance Division	Andy Chang
Vice President,Strategic Planning Division	Jim Jen
Vice President, Finanical Risk Management Division	James Chen
Manager, Accounting Division	Yvonne Liu

Introduction

Date of establishment: Feb. 25, 1992 Inauguration of business: Mar. 23, 1992 Capital: NT\$30.035 billion (as of Dec. 31, 2003)

Head office: 44 Zhongshan N. Rd., Sec. 2, Taipei, Taiwan

Tel: (02) 2568-3988

Business units: Main Branch, Trust Department, International Department, Offshore Banking Unit, and

89 branches, for a total of 93 units

History

- 1.The history of the Taishin International Bank began in 1990, when Chairman Thomas Wu solicited support from friends and prominent business associates for the joint establishment of the Bank. Permission for its establishment was granted by the Ministry of Finance in August 1991, and the Bank opened for business on Mar. 23, 1992. An extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting on Dec. 7, 2001 resolved to establish the Taishin Financial Holding Co. through an exchange of shares together with the Dah An Commercial Bank, Taiwan Securities Co., and Taishin Bills Finance Co. At the same time, the Taishin International Bank absorbed the Dah An Commercial Bank in a merger, issuing new shares to accommodate the merger. The Taishin Financial Holding Co. was formally established on Feb. 18, 2002.
- 2.Ever since its establishment the Bank has constantly expanded its business scope and its operating network, actively performing the role of an intermediary in the supply and demand of funds for society and providing the financial services needed to bring about economic prosperity.
- 3.In the Bank's organizational system, the Audit Division, Secretariat Division, and Human Resources Division operate under the Board of Directors, while the management and service units within the headquarters office include the Strategic Planning Division, Processing and Servicing Division, Information Technology Service Division, Administration and Services Division, Financial Risk Management Division, and Accounting Division. There are also 13 business units, including Corporate Banking, Retail Banking, and Wealth Management, under which operate 22 departments and offices, as well as the Trust Department, Main Branch, International Division, and Offshore Banking Unit. The Bank works vigorously to expand its operating network by setting up branches in all major cities in Taiwan; in coordination with the tide of internationalization, it has also set up an OBU and in Feb. 2003 obtained a license for its Hong Kong Branch, which began operating on June 25. This was a major step forward in the expansion of the Bank's cross-straits trade business. With the existing 93 business units throughout Taiwan, the Bank's service network is becoming more comprehensive every day.
- 4.The Bank's main items of business include deposits, loans, bills discounting, remittances, guarantees, short-term bills brokerage and proprietary trading, import and export negotiation, foreign-currency deposits, trust, agency, custodianship, credit cards, cash cards, trading in derivative products, factoring, and offshore banking.

Equity and Shares (including Preferred Shares), Financial Debentures (including Overseas Financial Debentures), and Overseas Depository Receipts

A.Capital Stock and Shares

Types of Shares

	Approved Equity									
Types of Shares	S	hares Issued (1,000	Unissued	Total (1,000)						
	Listed	Unlisted	Total	Shares (1,000)	Total (1,000)					
Common Shares	2,446,781	0	2,446,781	156,719	2,603,500					
Preferred Shares	0	400,000	400,000	0	400,000					
Total	2,446,781	400,000	2,846,781	156,719	3,003,500					

B.Issuance of Preferred Shares

- 1.The Bank reported the issuance of 400 million registered B-type preferred shares, with a par value of NT\$10 each and a total par value of NT\$4 billion, for a capital increase via cash injection, and was notified via Securities and Futures Commission, Ministry of Finance document (2000) Tai Tsai Cheng (1) No. 43424, dated May 25, 2000, of the validity of the report effective May 24, 2000. The collection of payments for the stock was completed on Sep. 20, 1999 and the stock was formally listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange on June 30, 2000.
- 2.The stock dividend and bonus for this issuance of registered B-type preferred shares are set at 6.05% per annum, to be paid in cash once a year. There is to be no cumulative disbursement and the shares may not be converted into common shares; they will reach maturity six years after the date of issuance, at which time they will be redeemed by the Bank, using profits or proceeds from new stock issues, at the actual issuing price.

C.Issuance of Bank Debenture

In order to enhance its capital ratio and raise the medium to long term operating funds, the Bank issued bank notes which are listed as follows:

The Bank issued a 10-year bank notes in the amount of \$5,000,000 thousand at par value on October 2, 2001. The interest rates for years one to five and years six to ten are 4.05% and 4.45%, respectively. The interest will be paid annually. The Bank has redemption right on such bank notes at par value plus accrued interest payable starting from the sixth year onward.

The Bank issued a 7-year bank notes in the amount of \$4,800,000 thousand at par value on January 30, 2002. The interest rate for years one to seven is 4.00%. The interest will be paid annually. The principal should be paid back at once when due.

see notes to consolidated financial statements (p.45~48).

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Business Operations ...

Business Operations

Business Scope

- Acceptance of checking deposits
- Acceptance of demand deposits
- Acceptance of time deposits
- Issuance of financial debentures
- Extension of short-, medium-, and long-term loans
- Discounting of bills
- Investment in securities
- Processing of domestic remittances
- Acceptance of commercial drafts
- Issuance of domestic letters of credit
- Handling of domestic guarantees
- Acting as agent for payments and collections
- Underwriting of government bonds, treasury bills, corporate bonds, and corporate stocks
- Sale of gold bullion and gold and silver coins
- Handling of the credit card business
- Handling of short-term bills brokerage, proprietary dealing, certification, and underwriting
- Handling of custodianship and warehousing
- Rental of safe deposit boxes
- Provision of agency services related to business items listed on the business license or approved by the central government authorities
- Handling of export and import financing, general inward and outward remittances, foreign currency deposits and loans, and guarantees for foreign currency guaranteed payments
- Trading in derivative financial products approved by the central government authority
- Handling of factoring operations approved by the central government authorities
- Provision of guarantees for the issuance of corporate bonds
- Handling of businesses permitted by the Trust Business Law
- Proprietary dealing in government bonds

Operating Ratios

Item	Amount (NT\$1,000)	Ratio (%)
Interest Income	29,387,315	77
Commission Income	5,870,304	15
Gain on trading securities	1,216,131	3
Others	1,745,780	5
Total Operating Income	38,219,530	100

Market and Business Conditions

1.Market Analysis

A.Economic Analysis

Despite the ravages of terrorist attacks and contagious diseases such as mad cow disease and avian flu, as well as the continued impact on the international economy of the structural unemployment problem brought on by global integration, thanks to the support of strong market demand the global economy maintained the strong force of recovery that began in 2004. According to an economic situation report issued by the U.S. Federal Reserve in early March, the current economic expansion will continue until the end of the year. In Europe, the consumer confidence index for the euro area in February, and the manufacturer confidence index as well, were on the rise; because of this, the European Central Bank optimistically forecast that if development continues under the current conditions, euro-area countries will exhibit stronger growth in the next few months even without a cut in interest rates to offset the negative economic influence of the strong euro. Overall, world economic performance this year is expected to be good.

In Taiwan, the economy benefited from the rise in international economic activity, with greatly increased market demand leading exports, production, finance, and related industries. The growing effect of the stimulative programs that had been inaugurated earlier stimulated an expansion in domestic demand. Despite the dissention that resulted from the presidential election and gave rise to instability in the political situation, the economic situation can be expected to return to normality once the curtain falls on the political problems. Data from the Directorate General of Budget, Accounting and Statistics show that the economy grew at a rate of 3.24% in 2003, industrial production increased at an annual rate of 5.5%, and manufacturing production expanded by 5.4%. The economy is forecast to grow at a rate of 4.74% in 2004.

B.Finacial Conditions

Although Fed Chairman Greenspan stated publicly that interest rates should be hiked in order to maintain long-term economic stability, with economic growth effectively leading an increase in employment and with the American presidential election coming at the end of the year, outsiders expect that the U.S. monetary policymakers will maintain the current loose-money policy. In another aspect, it is generally felt that the European Central Bank, based on the improvement in confidence indicators, will adopt a stable monetary policy and wait for the economy to strengthen. For this reason it can be expected that the chance of a large increase in overall international interest rates is not very great.

In regard to Taiwan's domestic interest rates, with the United States maintaining present interest rate levels and with no appreciable inflationary pressure, the Central Bank will hold to a loose monetary policy; with the expectation of a continued warming up of the stock and real estate markets, however, there is a possibility that real interest rates in the market will rise.

In the area of foreign exchange rates, with the uncertainty of the Iraqi situation there is a high possibility that the U.S. dollar will continue its adjustment. The recent export boom has already put heavy pressure for appreciation on the NT Dollar, and it is expected that a rise is inevitable. With the Central Bank's entry into the market to maintain export competitiveness, however, the NT Dollar will likely continue strengthening at a slow pace.

Business Operations

2.Business Targets

Outstanding at Year-end	Amount (NT\$ million)	Growth (%)
Deposits	550,000	26
Loans	480,350	23
Guarantees and Acceptances	26,700	4

3. Business Performance

A.Deposits

The amount of deposits in the Bank at the end of 2003 (excluding postal savings deposits) stood at NT\$384,493 million, up NT\$53,630 million over the end of 2002. In the structure of these deposits, checking deposits accounted for NT\$3,512 million, or 0.91% of the total; demand deposits amounted to NT\$128,132 million, making up 33.32%; time deposits were NT\$234,043 million, or 60.88%; and transferable deposits made up NT\$18,806 million, or 4.89% of the total.

B.Loans

The Bank's loans outstanding (excluding loans for collection and purchased remittances) at the end of 2003 totaled NT\$396,743 million; compared with the end of the previous year, this was an increase of NT\$59,131 million. Categorized by term, short-term loans at the end of the year amounted to NT\$120,903 million, or 30.47% of the total; medium-term loans stood at NT\$146,651 million, accounting for 36.96% of the overall amount; and long-term loans made up NT\$128,322 million, or 32.34% of the total. Overdrafts amounted to NT\$867 million, or 0.22%.

C.Guarantees

The Bank had NT\$23,272 million in guarantees outstanding at the end of 2003; this was a reduction of NT\$4,354 million from a year earlier, for a negative growth rate of 15.76%.

D. Foreign Exchange

The total value of foreign exchange transactions undertaken by the Bank during 2003 was US\$18,376 million. In this total, remittances amounted to US\$14,792 million, accounting for 80.50% of the total foreign exchange business; import transactions contributed US\$1,096 million, accounting for 5.96%; export transactions made up US\$840 million, or 4.57%; and foreign-currency loans and guarantees accounted for US\$1,648 million, or 8.97% of the total.

E.Short-term Bills Trading

The total value of short-term bills trading undertaken by the Bank in 2003 was NT\$626,443 million. Categorized by type of instrument, trading in bankers acceptances amounted to NT\$789 million, accounting for 0.13% of the total; commercial paper transactions accounted for NT\$243,680 million, or 38.90%; dealing in negotiable certificates of deposit made up NT\$168,475 million, or 26.89%; and dealing in treasury bills contributed NT\$213,499 million, or 34.08% of the total amount.

F.Credit Cards

A total of 4,119,437 valid credit cards issued by the Bank were in circulation at the end of 2002; this was an increase of 750,575 over the end of the previous year, for a growth of 22%. The amount of consumption using these cards in 2003 was NT\$115,122 million; this was an increase of NT\$14,345 million over 2002, for a growth of 14%

Note: The standard for the above figures is the financial statements for 2003.

4. Employee Data

Number, Average Seniority, Average Age, and Education of Employees for Past Two Years

Fise	cal Year	2003	2002
	Staff 6,208		4,776
No. Employees	Workers	91	12
	Total	6,299	4,788
Average Seniority	(years)	2.8	3.6
Average Age (yea	ars)	29.9	29.6
	Ph.D.	0.1	0.1
	Master's	6.3	6.0
Education (%)	University/College	85.4	85.0
	Senior High	8.1	8.8
	Under Senior High	0.1	0.1



Business and Fund Utilization Plans W

Business and Fund Utilization Plans

I. Business Plans for 2004

1.Organizational Development Plans

A. Business Units

- In 2003 the Bank had a total of 93 business units.
- The number of wealth management banks through the island totaled 26, of which nine were flagship banks.
- One to five Personal Banking Centers are to be added in 2004.
- The number of Convenience Banking Service Points reached 275 in 2003.
- The number of Convenience Banking Service Points is projected to reach 1,200 in 2004.

B. Management Units

- A Personal Loan Service Department, and under it a Basel Task Force, was set up in the Retail Banking Credit Division.
- The Chinese name of the Credit Card Business Credit Management Department of the Credit Card Division was changed.
- A Telephone Banking Department was set up in the Branch Management Division.
- The Finance Division was restructured, with the Funds Trading Department, Finance Markets Department, Financial Products Department, Financial Trading Department, and Bond Capital Market Department placed under it.
- A Trust Assets Operations Department was set up under the Wealth Management Division.
- The Information Technology Service Division was reorganized and the Systems Development Department 1, Systems Development Department 2, Systems Support Department, Management Section, Core Systems Business Section, Core Systems Information Section, and Knowledge Management Department placed under its jurisdiction.
- A Cash Card Division, and under it a Cash Card Management Department and the business regions, was set up in the Retail Banking Group.
- A new Product Marketing Department was set up under the Corporate Banking business Management Division.

2.Business Development Plans

A. Retail Banking

(a)Deposits and Remittances

- Branch channels will be standardized to reduce management and marketing costs and enhance profits for shareholders.
- Branch channels will be used to provide customers with professional banking services and consultation so as to increase the production value of marketing.
- The convenience banking business will be aggressively promoted.
- Branch personnel will be trained to become full-spectrum business managers and outstanding portfolio management specialists, thus achieving performance management and personal performance.

- The promotion of low-cost service platforms will be strengthened to realize the synergy effect.
- The incentive system will be made transparent to boost high-contribution personnel.
- The resources of the financial holding company will be used to reinforce cross-marketing.
- A plan for alliances with other industries will be developed to provide one-stop-shopping departmentstore banking services and create profits.
- Service products that produce commission income will e developed.
- Customer segmentation will be used to develop auxiliary functions for IC cards and customers will be attracted with different value-added products so as to take advantage of sales opportunities.
- An "Open Money Management Bank" will be developed to create new sales channels not subject to space limitations.
- E-commerce will be used to provide distant personal portfolio management consultation services.
- An ATM network platform mechanism will be developed to provide for the sale of fund, insurance, and other products.

(b)Consumer Banking

- High-income products will be emphasized in the expansion of market share for key products and heighten return on assets.
- Direct marketing personnel will be increased and reinforced.
- New products will be introduced in line with market need so as to expand sales channels.
- The goal of marketing will be placed on the maintenance of long-term relations with customers.
- The CRM database will be used appropriately for marketing.

(c)Credit Cards

- The number of valid cards in circulation, and the amount of consumption using them, will be greatly increased to consolidate the Bank's strategic position in the market.
- Income will be increased so as to achieve profit targets.
- Risk management will be thoroughly implemented.

B. Corporate Banking

(a)Corporate Loans

- Relationships will be cultivated with a customer orientation, and the SRM/RM/PM models will be used to provide target customers with a complete range of financial solutions and consulting services.
- ** Key a/c and mid-corp medium-sized and large customer groups will be provided SRM/RM/PM integrated banking, securities, bills, and innovative products with the aim of satisfying customer demand with customized products.
- A selective service strategy will be adopted for other banks.
- For small enterprises, the emphasis will be placed on self-compensating financing.
- Taiwanese businesses overseas and in mainland China will be offered financial services in combination with the Hong Kong Branch and the Taipei OBU.

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Business and Fund Utilization Plans

(b)Foreign Exchange

- Development will continue of corporate and personal electronic banking foreign exchange products such as e-Trade import and export services.
- Foreign exchange operating procedures will be improved, and the Mis Fax/Mail Server will be used to provide customers with real-time transmission services.
- New foreign exchange products will continue to be introduced, and high-income products will be promoted.
- Cooperation with business units will be strengthened for the joint promotion of the foreign exchange business and produce the different units and customers with high-quality services.
- The promotion of self-compensating trade financing businesses will be continued.
- Existing overseas securities businesses will continue to be deepened.
- In coordination with the establishment of the Syndicated Loan Team, the Bank will strive for the right to act as head bank for international syndicated loans to emerging technology companies and bluechip loan customers so as to increase commission and interest income.
- In line with business development, the Bank will pursue business relations with Taiwanese businesses operating in eastern and southern China.
- Strategic alliances and cooperation with mainland Chinese banks and foreign banks in China will be strengthened, and the promotion of cross-straits financial business will be stepped up.
- Preparations will be made for the establishment of a Los Angeles branch, and the extension of the Bank's customer services across the Pacific is expected to come by the end of 2004.
- Vietnam and other overseas locations will be evaluated for the establishment of branches so as to carry through with the Bank's policy of internationalization.

C. Wealth Management and Trust Operations

(a)Wealth Management Banking

- The financial planning business model will continue to be developed and the customer-oriented "one-on-one intelligent money management" principle will be emphasized.
- The financial consultant certification system will continue to by promoted to effect a major strengthening of financial consulting capability.
- The number of financial advisors will be increased and outstanding portfolio managers with experience will be recruited.
- New demonstration centers will continue to be developed and will be fully utilized to organize activities so as to cement the loyalty of customers and increase the number of wealth management banking clients.
- The amount of assets entrusted to managers by customers will be increased.

(b)Trust Business

- The promotion of securities trust will be continued so as to maintain the Bank's leadership in the market and expand market share.
- The specific money trust function will be strengthened and the scale of trust assets expanded.
- Trust consultant functions will be developed and reinforced.
- A real estate securitization commissioning platform will be established and related businesses will be promoted.

- A newly established OBU account investment fund service will continue to satisfy customer demand for full-spectrum portfolio management services.
- Diversified outstanding fund products will be introduced to provide customers with a range of investment options.
- Customers will continue to be provided with information on fund products, and the latest market information and product quotations will be added at all times to strengthen services to customers.
- Various kinds of fund promotion activities will be designed to provide customers with all sorts of preferential investments with the aim of heightening interaction with customers.

(c)Utilization of Trust Assets

- The development and introduction of new structure bond products will be continued.
- All types of centralized management and utilization as ell as individual management accounts will be increased so as to boost the completeness of product lines.
- Internal and external holding company partnership relations will be promoted so as to augment trust asset management capabilities.
- The efficiency of the settlement and clearing business will be reinforced and a real-time storage online information system will be established to strengthen customer services.
- Customer characteristics will be secured and target customers will be cultivated; channels of all kinds will be used to strengthen interchange with customers and provide them with the most suitable products.

D. Assets and Liabilities Management, and Funds Utilization

- (a)The assets and liabilities management system will be strengthened to make management more effective.
- (b)Sources of funds will be diversified and used flexibly in line with business development.
- (c)The internal risk control mechanism will be strengthened in coordination with system establishment.
- (d)Diversified investment will be carried out within the limits of the law.
- (e)Deposit products will be diversified and customer groups will be cultivated.
- (f)Financial product innovation will be carried out vigorously so as to satisfy customers' diversified needs.
- (g)The market share of deposits and loans will be heightened.

E. Service Quality and Human Resources

- (a)The management units, support operations, and information systems of the different subsidiaries will be integrated to establish a common platform that will improve efficiency, reduce costs, and reinforce competitiveness.
- (b)Personnel with potential will continue to be discovered, evaluated, and trained so as to build up an operating team that has implementation capability, common values, and the pursuit of excellence.
- (c)A position evaluation system will be established to attract top people with a diversified, competitive, and performance-oriented system of rewards and punishments.

Business and Fund Utilization Plans

II. The Disposition and Acquisition of Real Estate in 2004, and Longterm Investment Plans

1. Real estate: None

2. Long-term investment:

In accordance with Article 36 of the Financial Holding Company Law, the Bank will only maintain and adjust its original long-term investments. New long-term investment in 2004 will be carried out by the Taishin Financial Holding Co.

III. Research and Development

1. Research and Development Results

- A. Structure loans and project loans were developed.
- B. The development of renminbi receivables was planned.
- C. An Internet service platform for cross-straits corporate financing was developed.
- D. The customer online trade financing business was developed.
- E. "Offset" low-interest home loans was introduced.
- F. Securities trust was inaugurated.
- G. Securitized financial products was developed.
- H. The real estate securitization trust (asset trust) business was inaugurated.
- The balanced-type centralized management and utilization account/balanced-type individual management and utilization account business was developed.
- J. The investment of non-discretionary trust funds in domestic and overseas fund network/telephone trading business was inaugurated.
- K. "Five-minute" rapid issuance of cash cards was introduced.

2. Research and Development Plans

- A. New cash trust products will be developed.
- B. New types of trust products (such as inheritance trust) will be developed.
- C. The real estate securitization trustee (investment trust) business will be developed.
- D. Active centralized and individual accounts will be developed.
- E. Fixed-income centralized and individual accounts will be developed.
- F. Retirement fund management accounts will be developed.
- G. The Taishin monetary mutual trust fund will be inaugurated.
- H. All magnetic-strip cards will be replaced with IC cards.

IV. Funds Utilization Plans

Previous issuance of financial debentures:

In 2001 the Bank issued NT\$5 billion worth of subordinated financial debentures, another NT\$10 billion worth were issued in 2002, and another NT\$4 billion worth were issued in 2003. All of the proceeds were used, according to plan, to augment medium- and long-term funds for the extension of loans. Calculated on the average annual interest rate on loans of 5.8551% in 2003, and deducing the cost of issuing the debentures (calculated at a cost of approximately 3.3879% in 2001, 2002, and 2003), this project is projected to result in an increase in net annual interest income of NT\$469 million in future years.



TAISHIN INTERNATIONAL BANK CO., LTD.

Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 and Independent Auditors' Report

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Shareholders of Taishin International Bank Co., Ltd.:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Taishin International Bank Co., Ltd. (the "Bank") as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the related statements of income, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended (all expressed in New Taiwan dollars). These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with "Guidelines for Certified Public Accountants' Examinations of and Reports on Financial Statements of Financial Institutions" and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Those guidelines and standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Taishin International Bank Co., Ltd. as of December 31, 2003 and 2002, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China.

(T.N. Soona & Co. and Deloitte & Touche (Taiwan) Fetablish

(T N Soong & Co and Deloitte & Touche (Taiwan) Established Deloitte & Touche Effective June 1, 2003)

Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 13, 2004 (except for Note 26 which is dated February 19, 2004)

The above auditors' report and the following financial statements are English translations of the Chinese auditors' report and financial statements prepared for and used in the Republic of China. This English translation is for convenience of the readers and may present financial statements for periods not previously presented in a single document. Additionally, these financial statements do not include additional supplementary disclosures included in the original Chinese language version as required by the Guidelines for Securities Issuers' Financial Reporting in accordance with the Securities and Futures Commission regulations included in the original Chinese language version. The accompanying financial statements were prepared using accounting principles, procedures and reporting practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than those in the Republic of China. The standards, procedures and practices utilized to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

ASSETS	2003	2002
Cash (Note 3)	\$ 5,318,548	\$ 4,580,551
Due from banks (Notes 4 and 23)	7,129,977	1,008,398
Due from Central Bank (Note 5)	17,889,809	24,801,322
Bills and securities purchased, net (Notes 2, 6 and 23)	48,060,113	32,687,612
Receivables, net (Notes 2, 7 and 23)	51,553,251	35,330,347
Prepayments	1,851,617	1,505,400
Loans, net (Notes 2, 8 and 23)	394,611,393	334,983,424
Long-term investments (Notes 2 and 9):		
Long-term investment under equity method	727,928	2,478,056
Long-term investment under cost method	7,600,889	6,489,464
Allowance for valuation loss on long-term investments	-	(53,614)
Long-term investments, net	8,328,817	8,913,906
Buy option premium (Note 2)	2,392,034	1,019,052
Property and equipment, net (Notes 2 and 10)	16,381,254	16,261,730
Other assets:		
Guarantee deposits paid (Notes 11, 23 and 24)	2,548,405	1,213,770
Delinquent loans, net (Notes 2, 8 and 11)	4,032,341	5,835,218
Collaterals and residuals taken over, net (Notes 2 and 11)	394,713	1,247,228
Refundable collaterals (Notes 11 and 24)	7,205,112	9,822,338
Deferred income tax assets (Notes 2, 11 and 21)	2,403,799	4,061,344
Others (Notes 1, 2 and 11)	4,255,301	4,531,963
Other assets	20,839,671	26,711,861
TOTAL	\$ 574,356,484	\$ 487,803,603

See notes to consolidated financial statements. (Continued)

BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	2003	2002
LIABILITIES:		
Due to banks (Notes 12 and 23)	\$ 45,795,387	\$ 27,191,187
Payables (Notes 2 and 13)	30,764,720	24,303,160
Advance receipts	660,092	446,636
Deposits and remittances (Notes 14 and 23)	433,112,146	383,279,204
Bank notes (Note 15)	19,000,000	15,000,000
Appropriated loan fund	250,416	171,336
Other liabilities (Notes 2 and 16)	2,824,329	2,073,152
Total liabilities	532,407,090	452,464,675
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Capital stock (Note 17):		
Common stock	24,467,810	23,000,000
Preferred stock	4,000,000	4,000,000
Capital surplus	3,099,793	1,738,525
Retained earnings (Notes 18 and 21):		
Legal reserve	4,198,442	3,044,165
Special reserve	-	252,675
Unappropriated earnings	6,183,349	3,594,916
Unrealized valuation loss on long-term investments		
(Notes 2, 9 and 18)	-	(53,614)
Treasury stock (Notes 2 and 19)	-	(237,739)
Total shareholders' equity	41,949,394	35,338,928
TOTAL	\$ 574,356,484	\$487,803,603

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

	2003	2002
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Interest income (Notes 2 and 23)	\$ 29,387,315	\$ 29,866,191
Fees income (Note 23)	5,870,304	4,010,693
Net gains on sales of trading securities	1,216,131	545,278
Other operating revenue	1,745,780	1,521,577
Total operating revenues	38,219,530	35,943,739
OPERATING COSTS:		
Interest expenses (Note 23)	7,520,702	11,033,134
Service charges (Note 23)	4,013,634	2,636,962
Provision for loan and other losses (Note 2)	7,598,614	7,207,808
Other operating costs	-	173,291
Total operating costs	19,132,950	21,051,195
GROSS INCOME	19,086,580	14,892,544
OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 2 and 23):		
General expenses (Note 20)	8,701,358	6,939,243
Administrative expenses (Note 20)	4,144,840	2,988,736
Other operating expenses	48,578	33,360
Total operating expenses	12,894,776	9,961,339
OPERATING INCOME	6,191,804	4,931,205
NON-OPERATING INCOME	1,745,588	778,009
NON-OPERATING EXPENSES	(168,710)	(884,549)
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX	7,768,682	4,824,665
ESTIMATED INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 2 and 21)	(1,602,455)	_(747,696)
NET INCOME	\$ 6,166,227	\$ 4,076,969
EARNINGS PER SHARE (Note 22):		
Pre-Tax	\$ 3.14	\$ 1.92
After-Tax	\$ 2.47	\$ 1.60

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

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STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Capita	l Stock			F	Retair	ned Earnings			1	Inrealized Valuation Loss on				
	Common Stock	Preferred Stock	Capital Surplus		Legal Reserve		Special Reserve		appropriated Earnings		ong-Term vestments		Treasury Stock		Total
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2002	\$ 17,886,440	\$ 7,000,000	\$ 27,704	\$	2,732,154	\$	550,205	\$	1,067,652	(\$	252,674)	(\$	1,001,355)	\$	28,010,126
Issuance of new common stock to merge Dah An Bank	5,907,190		1,715,687					(318,044)						7,304,833
Gain on disposal of property and equipment transferred from															
capital surplus to retained earnings			(4,789)		1,437				3,352						-
Special reserve transferred to retained earnings						(297,530)		297,530						-
Appropriation of 2001 earnings:															
Legal reserve					310,574			(310,574)						-
Dividend on preferred stock								(414,500)					(414,500)
Cash dividend								(575,000)					(575,000)
Remunerations to directors and supervisors								(9,305)					(9,305)
Cash bonuses to employees								(12,407)					(12,407)
Redemption of preferred stock-A		(3,000,000)												(3,000,000)
Recovery of unrealized valuation loss on long-term investments											199,060				199,060
Adjustment for changes in holding percentage in equity investee								(3,109)					(3,109)
Treasury stock												(237,739)	(237,739)
Cancellation of treasury stock	(793,630)		(77)					(207,648)				1,001,355		-
Net income for 2002				_					4,076,969						4,076,969
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2002	23,000,000	4,000,000	1,738,525		3,044,165		252,675		3,594,916	(53,614)	(237,739)		35,338,928
Special reserve transferred to retained earnings						(252,675)		252,675						-
Appropriation of 2002 earnings:															
Legal reserve					1,154,277			(1,154,277)						_
Dividend on preferred stock-A					1,101,211			ì	124,294)					(124,294)
Dividend on preferred stock-B								ì	242,000)					ì	242,000)
Cash dividend								,	1,150,000)					(1,150,000)
														,	1,100,000)
Unappropriated earnings transferred to capital stock	1,035,000							(1,035,000)						-
Cash bonuses to employees								(93,081)					(93,081)
Cancellation of treasury stock	(192,190)		(13,732)					(31,817)				237,739		-
Capital infusion	625,000		1,375,000												2,000,000
Recovery of unrealized valuation loss on long-term investments									C 400 007		199,000				53,614
Net income for 2003				_					6,166,227		53,614				6,166,227
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2003	\$ 24,467,810	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 3,099,793	\$	4,198,442	\$	-	\$	6,183,349	\$	-	\$	-	\$	41,949,394

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002 (Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	
	4,076,969
Ţ O, TOO,EET Ţ	1,010,000
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by	
operating activities:	
Provision for loan and other losses 7,598,615 7	7,207,808
Depreciation and amortization 1,736,245	1,346,089
Provision for (recovery of) decline in market value of trading securities 13,512 (237,712)
(Recovery of) provision for foreclosed collaterals valuation loss (779,323)	666,913
Loss on sale and disposal of property and equipment 67,579	14,580
Net investment loss (profit) (138,964) (443,325)
Loss on sale of long-term equity investment 176,107	-
Deferred income tax expense 1,657,545	486,155
Permanent loss on long-term investment 202,730	-
Net changes in assets and liabilities provided (used) cash:	
Receivables and prepayments (16,590,034) (18	3,799,473)
Buy option premium (1,372,982) (495,779)
Pledged marketable securities 2,617,226 (8	3,659,659)
Guarantee deposits (1,334,635)	160,520
Other assets 959,430 8	3,378,871
Payables to and advances from customers 6,480,710 15	5,823,684
Other liabilities 584,978	365,110
Others	248,405
Total adjustments 1,878,739 6	6,062,187
Net cash provided by operating activities 8,044,966 10	0,139,156
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:	
	5,463,598)
(Increase) decrease in due from bank (6,121,579)	102,466
	9,148,160
	7,519,018)
Decrease (increase) in long-term investments 372,000 (498,550)
	1,493,289)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment 68,568	6,603
Other 26,831	2,167
Net cash used in investing activities (80,231,696) (8	3,715,059)

	2003	2002
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Increase in due to banks	\$ 18,604,200	\$ 4,374,820
Increase (decrease) in deposits and remittances	49,832,942	(22,771,154)
Increase (decrease) in guarantee deposits and margins received	17,880	(25,134)
Issuance of bank notes	4,000,000	10,000,000
Increase in appropriated loan fund	79,080	21,496
Cash dividends	(1,516,294)	(989,500)
Remunerations of directors, supervisors and bonuses to employees	(93,081)	(21,712)
Redemption of preferred stocks	(93,001)	(3,000,000)
·	2 000 000	(3,000,000)
Capital infusion	2,000,000	
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	72,924,727	(12,411,184)
iver cash provided by (asea in) illiancing activities	12,024,121	(12,411,104)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	737,997	(10,987,087)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,580,551	3,585,015
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM DAH-AN COMMERCIAL		
BANK IN MERGER	-	11,982,623
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 5,318,548	\$ 4,580,551
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION -		
Cash paid during the year/period for:	¢ 0.277.005	¢ 10.050.041
Interest	\$ 8,277,895	\$ 12,853,341
Income tax	\$ 150,491	\$ 262,821
		,,

See notes to consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003 AND 2002

(Amounts are Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars or Other Specified Currency, Except Per Share Data)

1. ORGANIZATION AND OPERATIONS

Taishin International Bank Co., Ltd. ("Taishin Bank" or "Bank") commenced the preparatory work relating to its formation as a commercial bank on October 4, 1990. Operations commenced when the Bank opened for business on March 23, 1992. The Bank is engaged in providing general commercial banking services to customers. Services provided include commercial lending, letters of credit, bankers' acceptances, checking and savings accounts, installment and term loans, foreign exchange transactions, wire transfer services, marketable security investments, credit card issuing, derivative instruments transactions, receivable factoring and offshore banking business, etc.

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, there are 6,303 and 4,788 employees, respectively, in Taishin Bank.

In order to expand business operations and economic scales, enhance operating synergy and competitive advantages, preserve public interest and promote the government policy in financial institutions' mergers and acquisitions, the Bank and Dah An Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. ("Dah An Bank") agreed to establish Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd. ("Taishin Financial Holding" or "TFH") by means of a share swap in their shareholders' meetings on December 7, 2001. In the process of forming the holding company, the Bank would at the same time merge with Dah An Bank, with the Bank being the surviving company. The Board of Directors of the two banks decided the effective date of such merger and formation of the TFH through the approved share swap as February 18, 2002.

The Bank adopted the "purchase method" to account for the merger, in which the Bank acquired the total assets and liabilities of Dah An Bank by issuance of new capital stock. The stock exchange ratio is one common stock of Taishin Bank for two common stock of Dah An Bank. Total net assets acquired amounted to \$5,682,428 thousand which consists of the following:

	Net A	ssets Acquired
Cash, due from banks and due from Central Bank	\$	11,982,624
Bills and securities purchased, net		18,697,580
Receivables, net		9,764,104
Prepayments		233,000
Loans, net		139,632,199
Long-term investments		2,927,010
Property and equipment, net		2,252,015
Other assets		6,398,470
Total assets	\$	191,887,002
Due to banks	\$	5,208,030
Payables		8,888,001
Advances receipts		241,508
Deposits and remittances		171,120,930
Appropriated loan fund		60,560
Other liabilities		685,545
Total liabilities	\$	186,204,574
Net assets	\$	5,682,428

The fair value of new shares of common stock issued by Taishin Bank to effect the merger was \$9,475,018 thousand, exceeding the net assets of Dah An Bank by \$3,792,590 thousand. The excess of the value of common stock issued over the net assets acquired is recognized as goodwill, and is amortized over 5 years on a straight-line method.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Preparation

Taishin Bank's financial statements are prepared in conformity with "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers" and generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China. And according to SFAS No. 28 "Disclosures in Financial Statement of Banks", Taishin Bank need not classify current item and noncurrent item in assets and liabilities. In preparing these financial statements, Taishin Bank should use reasonable estimates in the determination of the collectibility of loans, discounts, bills purchased, account receivables, interest receivables, guarantees, advances and other credit facilities, pension costs, deferred income tax, etc. However, these estimates may differ from actual results because of changes in operating conditions and assumptions.

Under generally accepted accounting principles in the Republic of China, a parent company is not required to consolidate the financial information of its subsidiary when both total assets and total operating revenues of the subsidiary are less than 10% of that of the parent, and both consolidated total assets and total operating revenues of these subsidiaries are less than 30% of that of the parent. Consequently, financial information for all subsidiaries in which the Bank's ownership interest is more than 50% is not consolidated into the presented financial statements (Note 9).

Bills and Securities Purchased

Bills and securities purchase, including listed and over-the-counter stocks, beneficiary funds, and the other kinds of securities, are recorded at acquisition cost and carried at the lower of cost or market, if the market value is available. If the market price is lower than cost, an allowance for market decline is provided; on the contrary, such valuation allowance would be reversed. Upon sale of bills and securities purchase, the moving average method is used in determining the cost of securities sold.

In conformity with Ministry of Finance (MOF) regulations, bonds and other short-term securities under agreements to repurchase or resell are accounted for as outright sales and purchases. However, since 2004, repurchase and resell agreement are considered financing transaction to conform with "Guidelines Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Public Banks".

Provision for Bad Debts and Losses on Guarantees

Provisions for bad debts and losses on guarantees are accrued in consideration of Taishin Bank's estimates of collectibility of loans, discounts, bills purchased, account receivables, interest receivables, guarantees, advances and other credit facilities. Taishin Bank assesses the collectibility of its credit portfolio based on factors such as the borrowers'/clients' payment history, delinquent status, and financial condition and provides for losses, taking into account the value of collateralized assets, in accordance with "The Rules for Bank Asset Evaluation, Loss Reserve Provision, and Disposal of Overdue Loans, Non-accrual Loans and Bad Debts" issued by the Ministry of Finance. According to said rules, if the loans, discounts, bills purchased, account receivables, interest receivables, guarantees, advances and other credit facilities are deemed unrecoverable, they should be provided in full and losses should be recognized as an expense currently, and if the recovery possibility is deemed low, no less than 50% of the loan amount should be provided and the losses should also be recognized as an expense currently.

Accounts deemed uncollectible are written off with the approval of the Board of Directors.

Income Recognition

Loans are recorded at principal amounts outstanding. The interest income on loans is recognized on an accrual basis.

When the loans become past due and are considered uncollectible, the principal and interest receivable are transferred into delinquent accounts, where the accrual of interest income ceases. The Bank will recognize a gain when such delinquent interest is collected.

Long-Term Equity Investments

The long-term equity investments are recorded at acquisition cost, and accounted for by use of the equity method of accounting where Taishin Bank holds an ownership interest of 20% or more and by use of the cost method of accounting where Taishin Bank holds an ownership interest of less than 20% with an exception in which Taishin Bank has influence on the investee and the equity method is used. Under the cost method, if the investee is a listed or over-counter company, the investment is stated at the lower of cost or market and the related unrealized loss on valuation is charged to the shareholders' equity. If the investee is a non-listed or non-over-counter company and there is evidence indicating that the value of investment is deemed impaired, a loss will be provided and charged to current expense.

Under the equity method, if the investor sells a portion of the investment so that its portion of ownership decreases or the investor may loss significant influence on the investee, the investor stops using equity method and then the cost method is used. The long-term investment accounts are realize at the lower of book value and market value as its new cost. In addition, the investor should recognize the unrealized gain (loss) from the down-stream transactions.

According to Article 36 of Financial Holding Company Law, investment of a bank which became a subsidiary of a financial holding company should be executed by the financial holding company. It also provides that a bank is permitted to keep its investments made before becoming a subsidiary of a financial holding company but is prohibited to increase investment volume.

The investments in Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd. ("Taiwan Securities" or the "Securities") and Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd. ("Taishin Bills" or "Bills") were transferred into shares of the parent company, Taishin Financial Holding, as a result of share-swap procedure in which Taiwan Securities and Taishin Bills became 100% owned subsidiaries of Taishin Financial Holding. The shares of Taishin Financial Holding held by Taishin Bank were recorded as investments to conform with letter No. 6.(91)Tai-Tsai-Cheng 111467.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at acquisition cost and stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Improvements extending the assets' useful life are capitalized; otherwise they are expensed currently. When assets are retired or sold, their costs and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts. Any resulting gain (loss) is credited (charged) to non-operating income (expense).

Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the useful-life guidelines prescribed by the government whilst the leasehold improvements are depreciated over the lease terms.

Deferred Charges and Goodwill

Deferred charges include installation charges for security equipment, phone lines and electric power lines, and are amortized over five years on a straight-line basis.

Goodwill as a result of merger is amortized over 5 years on a straight-line basis.

Collateral and Residuals Taken Over

Collateral and residuals taken over are recorded at cost, and are stated at lower of cost or realizable value at the balance sheet date.

Pensions

From April 2001, the Bank has funded the employee pension plan at 5.71% of the total salaries instead of at 6.38% starting from March 1999. Such funds are set aside under the name of the Employee Retirement Pension Monitoring Committee of the Bank at the Central Trust of China. The balance of Dah An Bank's labor retirement reserve and employees pension were \$196,211 thousand and \$46,079 thousand, respectively as of February 18, 2002, the date of merger which were combined with Taishin Bank's balances. And the balances of Dah An Bank's employees pension were transferred to the Dah An Bank's labor retirement reserve with the approval of Department of Labor, Taipei City Government. The balance of the Bank's labor retirement reserve is \$731,547 thousand as of December 31, 2003. The accounting for such pension plan is based on the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 18.

Treasury Stock

The Bank uses the cost method to account for treasury stock as a deduction in shareholders' equity.

When disposing treasury stock, if the disposal value is higher than the book value, the difference is recorded as "capital surplus - treasury stock transactions" and if the disposal value is lower than the book value, the difference is used to offset capital surplus that resulted from the other same kind of treasury stock transactions, then to the retained earnings, if needed.

When the Bank cancels treasury stock, the book value is reversed to offset capital stock and additional paid-in capital by the percentage of shares. If the book value of treasury stock exceeds the total of capital stock and additional paid-in capital, the difference is charged to additional paid-in capital that resulted from the other same kind of treasury stock transactions, then to the retained earnings, if needed. On the other hand, if the book value of treasury stock is lower than the total of capital stock and additional paid-in capital, the difference is credited to the additional paid-in capital that resulted from the other same kind of treasury stock transactions.

Foreign Currency Transactions

Transactions negotiated in foreign currencies (other than forward exchange contracts) are recorded in New Taiwan dollars at the rates of exchange in effect when the transactions occur. Gains or losses, caused by different foreign exchange rates applied when foreign currency receivables and payables are settled, are credited or charged to income. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are restated by using the balance sheet date exchange rates, and resulting gains or losses are credited or charged to current income.

Derivative Instruments

Under forward exchange contracts for trading purposes, foreign currency - determined assets ad liabilities are recorded in New Taiwan dollar based on the specified future rate (the "forward rate") on the contract date. As the contracts matured, the difference between the spot rate and the forward rate is recognized as a gain or loss in the period the contracts settled. For the outstanding contracts, a gain or loss is computed according to the difference between the various forward exchange rates available for the remaining contracts periods and the specified forward rates; the related gain or loss is recognized in the current period. The net amount of receivables and payables related to these contracts on the balance sheet date is recognized as an asset or liability.

Interest rate swaps ("IRSs") involve no exchange of principal either at inception or upon maturity, rather, they involve the periodic exchange of interest payments, between the floating and the fixed interest rates, arising from an underlying notional principal amount. The exchanged interest of hedging IRSs is computed on the accrual basis and is recognized as income in current period. Apart from hedging IRSs, the gain or loss is computed by evaluating its fair value and is recognized as income in current period.

The premiums paid or received on currency option contracts are recorded as assets or liabilities. The gain or loss from exercising the contracts is recorded in the current period. The premiums of the outstanding contracts are evaluated at the balance sheet date. Changes of the premium value are recognized as a gain or loss in the current period.

The principal of currency swap contracts entered into for non-trading purposes are recorded based on the contracted exchange rate on the contract date. The amount resulting from different exchange rates is recognized as assets or liabilities. Those assets or liabilities will be amortized as an interest expense or income during the contract period.

The principal of cross currency swap contracts entered into for non-trading purposes are recorded based on the contracted exchange rate on the contract date. The exchanged interest during the contract period, on an accrual basis, is recognized as a gain or loss in the current period.

The difference between discounted value of future interest and the principal of cross currency swap contracts and fair value based on transaction purposes is recognized as a gain or loss in the current period.

A futures transaction is recorded at the notional amount or contract amount as a memo entry on transaction date and pay-out guarantee deposit and broker commission. The gain or loss is computed by evaluating its fair value and is recognized as income or expense in the current period. At the maturity date, the memo entry will be reversed and the settlement gain or loss is recognized as income or expense in the current period.

Income Tax

Taishin Bank adopts intra-period tax allocation under the provisions of SFAS No. 22, "Accounting for Income Tax". Under SFAS No. 22, an entity's deferred tax asset or liability is estimated for future tax effects attributable to temporary differences, prior years' loss carry-forwards, and tax credits. An allowance is provided under the assessment of the realizability of deferred tax assets. Adjustments of prior years' income tax payable are included in current income tax expense.

Under the amended Income Tax Law of the Republic of China effective from 1998, an additional 10% income tax is levied on distributable earnings earned in the current year that remain undistributed after the shareholders' meeting held in the following year. The levied income tax should be recorded as current period income tax expense in the following year.

Reclassifications

Certain accounts of 2002 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2003 presentation.

3. CASH

	Decem	ber 31
	2003	2002
Cash in vault	\$ 2,958,200	\$ 2,720,434
Checks for clearing	2,053,539	1,671,794
Others	306,809	188,323
Total	\$ 5,318,548	\$ 4,580,551

4. DUE FROM BANKS

	Decen	nber 31
	2003	2002
Due from other banks Call loans to banks	\$ 3,814,997 3,314,980	\$ 703,949 304,449
Total	\$ 7,129,977	\$ 1,008,398

5. DUE FROM THE CENTRAL BANK

	December 31				
	2003	2002			
Reserve - checking account	\$ 5,003,746	\$ 3,768,681			
Reserve - demand account	8,910,926	8,240,368			
Reserve - foreign deposit	33,980	292			
Normal account	3,740,000	12,490,000			
Interbank clearing account	201,157	301,981			
Total	\$ 17,889,809	\$ 24,801,322			

The Bank is required to maintain reserve balances deposited in the Central Bank. Such reserves amounted to \$13,948,652 thousand and \$12,009,341 thousand at December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

6. BILLS AND SECURITIES PURCHASED

	Decem	ber 31
	2003	2002
Commercial paper	\$ 2,226,284	\$ 6,590,361
Bonds	9,987,131	7,340,570
T-Bills	109,107	7,213,620
Marketable equity securities	4,330,835	4,821,628
Negotiable certificates of deposit	31,250,368	6,674,662
Other	169,900	46,771
Less allowance for decline in market value	(13,512)	
Total	\$ 48,060,113	\$ 32,687,612

7. RECEIVABLES

	Decem	ber 31
	2003	2002
Accounts receivable	\$ 46,580,716	\$ 30,746,371
Less unrealized interest revenue (Note 23)	(16,939)	(66,321)
Interest receivable	1,468,976	2,216,002
Forward exchange receivable-net	-	800,489
Tax refund receivable	271,226	-
Other	3,411,226	1,774,847
Less allowance for accounts receivables	(161,954)	(141,041)
Total	\$ 51,553,251	\$ 35,330,347

8. LOANS (INCLUDING DELINQUENT LOANS) AND ALLOWANCE FOR LOAN LOSSES

	Decen	iber 31
	2003	2002
Short-term loans	\$120,903,288	\$ 97,758,699
Medium-term loans	146,650,555	138,473,005
Long-term loans	128,321,772	99,895,534
Overdrafts	867,288	1,484,228
Delinquent loans	4,596,856	7,050,036
Bills discounted	417,445	351,903
Gross loans	401,757,204	345,013,405
Less:		
Allowance for loan losses	(3,113,470)	(4,194,763)
Delinquent loans transferred to other assets, net (Note 11)	(4,032,341)	(5,835,218)
Loans, net	\$394,611,393	\$334,983,424

Allowance for Loan Losses

		Year Ended December 31, 2003						
	Rei	For Losses on the Overall Loan Portfolio For Losses on (Excluding Receivables Particular Loans Particular Loans)						Total
Balance, January 1, 2003	\$	141,041	\$	1,214,818	\$	2,979,945	\$	4,335,804
Provision for loan losses		20,913		7,806,203	(376,820)		7,450,296
Write off		-	(9,089,100)	(54,170)	(9,143,270)
Recovery from loans written off				632,594		-		632,594
Balance, December 31, 2003	\$	161,954	\$	564,515	\$	2,548,955	\$	3,275,424

	Year Ended December 31, 2002							
	For Losses on Receivables Particular Loans			For Losses on the Overall Loan Portfolio (Excluding Particular Loans)			Total	
Balance, January 1, 2002	\$	88,957	\$	600,852	\$	903,332	\$	1,593,141
Additions from the Dah An Bank merger		306,513		11,669,646		5,204,903		17,181,062
Provision for loan losses	(254,429)		10,495,403	(3,046,080)		7,194,894
Sale of bad debt		-	(2,010,735)		-	(2,010,735)
Write-off		-	(20,902,965)	(82,210)	(20,985,175)
Recovery from loans written off		-		1,362,617		-		1,362,617
Balance, December 31, 2002	\$	141,041	\$	1,214,818	\$	2,979,945	\$	4,335,804

December 31

9. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS

		2003		20	002
	Original	Carrying	Ownership	Carrying	Ownership
Investee	Investment	Value	Interest (%)	Value	Interest (%)
Equity method:					
Taishin International Finance Company Limited	\$ 127,314	\$ 149,293	99.99	\$ 136,319	99.99
Dah An Leasing Co., Ltd.	198,000	127,717	99.00	132,050	99.00
PayEasy Digital Integration Co., Ltd.	34,000	60,424	66.67	33,705	66.67
Taishin Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	30,000	60,109	60.00	47,717	60.00
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	1,500	247,869	60.00	183,377	60.00
An Hsin Real-Estate Management, Inc.	15,000	25,874	30.00	25,272	30.00
Taishin Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd.	60,000	56,642	5.00	-	-
Taishin Securities Investment Consulting Inc.	-	-	-	11,300	100.00
Taishin Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	918,927	49.95
Dah Chung Bills Finance Corp.	-		-	989,389	18.80
Subtotal		727,928		2,478,056	
Cost method:					
Taishin Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd.	247,399	247,399	19.95	-	-
Dah Chung Bills Finance Corp.	671,611	939,026	18.80	-	-
Taiwan Futures Co., Ltd.	40,000	40,000	10.00	40,000	10.00
Taishin Financial Holding	3,930,677	3,930,677	7.22	3,930,677	7.47
Concord IV Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	95,000	95,000	6.25	95,000	6.25
Grand Pacific Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	30,000	30,000	5.00	30,000	5.00
Jihsun Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd.	30,000	30,000	5.00	30,000	5.00
Lien An Co., Ltd.	1,250	1,250	5.00	1,250	5.00
TKS Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	39,216	39,216	4.90	39,216	4.90
Concord VII Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	35,000	35,000	4.73	35,000	4.73

(Continued)

	December 31				
		2003		20	02
Investee	Original Investment	Carrying Value	Ownership Interest (%)	Carrying Value	Ownership Interest (%)
Apex Venture Capital Corporation	50,000	50,000	4.67	50,000	4.67
United Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	40,000	40,000	4.52	40,000	4.52
Concord III Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	44,640	44,640	4.46	44,640	4.46
Da Chiang, Inc.	125,000	125,000	4.31	125,000	4.31
Systrust@com Corporation	16,500	16,500	3.69	16,500	3.69
Hwan Hwa Security Finance Co., Ltd.	231,328	231,328	3.50	231,328	3.50
Harbinger Ventures Capital Investment Co., Ltd.	67,000	67,000	3.35	67,000	3.35
T.K. Venture Capital Corp.	50,000	50,000	3.33	50,000	3.33
Taipei Smart Card Co., Ltd.	16,000	16,000	3.20	16,000	3.20
Taiwan Financial Asset Service Corporation	50,000	50,000	2.94	50,000	2.94
Pacific Securities	180,410	180,410	2.77	180,410	2.77
Financial Information Service Co., Ltd.	91,000	91,000	2.28	91,000	2.28
Taipei Financial Center Corporation	356,009	356,009	2.09	356,009	2.09
Universal Venture Fund, Inc.	25,000	25,000	1.49	25,000	1.49
Taiwan Futures Exchange, Inc.	19,250	19,250	0.96	19,250	0.96
Taipei Forex, Inc.	1,600	1,600	0.81	1,600	0.81
Taiwan Asset Management Corporation	100,000	100,000	0.57	100,000	0.57
Kaohsiung Mass Rapid Transit Co.	50,000	50,000	0.50	50,000	0.50
Eastern Broadband Telecommunications	300,000	300,000	0.46	300,000	0.46
Taiwan Cooperative Bank	199,584	199,584	0.24	199,584	0.24
Taiwan Fixed Network Co., Ltd.	200,000	200,000	0.22	200,000	0.22
Taishin Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd.	-			75,000	5.00
Subtotal		7,600,889		6,489,464	
Allowance for valuation loss on long-term investments		-		(53,614)	
Total long-term equity investments		\$8,328,817		\$8,913,906	

Shares held in Taishin Bills Finance and Taiwan Securities were transferred to Taishin Financial Holding' ones on December 31, 2002 by means of a share-swap with total shares of 271,259 thousand.

Taishin Financial's shares, which were transferred from investments in other companies, held by subsidiaries which joined the share swap, remained as investment under MOF Letter No. 6. (91) Tai-Tsai-Cheng-111467.

The average closing price in December 2003 of the investment in Taishin Financial Holding, a listed company, was greater than the recorded value.

As of December 31, 2002, the unrealized loss on long-term equity investments resulted from, at the percentage of ownership, the market value decline of listed stocks held by Taishin Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd. accounted for by the equity method and amounted to \$53,614 thousand.

On April 25, 2003, Taishin Bank sold 60,000 thousand shares of Taishin Leasing and Financing Co., Ltd., which was valued by equity method, and recognized a loss on sale of long-term investment amounted to \$176,107 thousand. Due to a decrease of Bank's ownership interest from 49.95% to 19.95%, Taishin Bank turned to adopt the cost method, and thus the value is determined by the Lower of Cost or Market. Taishin Bank recognized a permanent loss on decline in value of \$117,111 thousand resulted from recording cost to fair market value.

Because of the changes in shareholders' structure of Dah Chung Bill Finance Corp., the Bank does not have influence on the investee, Taishin Bank turned to adopt the cost method and thus the value is determined by the lower of cost or market. Taishin Bank recognized a permanent loss on decline in value of \$85,619 thousand resulted from recording cost to fair market value.

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Financial Statements

Taishin Financial's wholly owned subsidiary, Taisin Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd. increased its interest in Taishin Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd., valued under cost method by Taishin Bank, so the Taishin group consolidated ownership interest is over 20%; thus, the Bank valued the Taishin Venture Capital Investment by equity method.

Based on their audited financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, the equity in net income or loss of investee companies accounted for under the equity method are as follows:

		2003		2002
Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	\$		\$	251,809
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.		186,892		133,801
Dah Chung Bills Finance Corp.		113,507		102,274
Taishin Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd.	(6,310)		30,646
PayEasy Digital Integration Co., Ltd.		26,719		22,829
Others		23,415		10,076
Total	\$	344,223	- \$	551,435

The above mentioned investees in which the Bank's ownership interest is over 50% are not consolidated for the reason that both total assets and total operating revenues of the subsidiary are less than 10% of that of the parent, and both consolidated total assets and total operating revenues of these subsidiaries are less than 30% of that of the parent.

10. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	December 31			
		2003		2002
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Value	Carrying Value
Land	\$ 9,429,233	\$ -	\$ 9,429,233	\$ 8,159,827
Buildings	4,981,934	480,830	4,501,104	3,986,128
Machinery equipment	2,500,718	1,183,707	1,317,011	1,103,061
Transportation equipment	333,677	138,942	194,735	214,252
Miscellaneous equipment	534,097	372,491	161,606	143,992
Leasehold improvement	739,772	636,075	103,697	148,897
Prepayments for building and equipment	673,868	_	673,868	2,505,573
Total	19,193,299	\$2,812,045	\$16,381,254	\$16,261,730

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, total insurance coverage for property and equipment amounted to \$7,255,466 thousand and \$6,845,482 thousand, respectively.

11. OTHER ASSETS

	December 31		
	2003	2002	
Delinquent loans, net (Note 8)	\$ 4,032,341	\$ 5,835,218	
Guarantee deposits (Note 24)	2,548,405	1,213,770	
Refundable collaterals (Note 24)	7,205,112	9,822,338	
Collaterals and residuals taken over	394,713	1,247,228	
Deferred income tax assets (Note 21)	2,403,799	4,061,344	
Deferred charges	1,741,373	1,318,266	
Goodwill from merger (Notes 1 and 2)	2,401,973	3,160,741	
Others	111,955	52,956	
Total	\$ 20,839,671	\$26,711,861	

12. DUE TO BANKS

	Decei	nber 31
	2003	2002
Due to other banks	\$ 872,149	\$ 1,973,971
Call loans from banks	43,332,238	24,741,903
Bank overdrafts	1,558,029	425,526
Due to the Central Bank	32,971	49,787
Total	\$ 45,795,387	\$ 27,191,187

13. PAYABLES

	2003 2002		
Accounts payable	\$ 22,061,526	\$ 16,424,290	
Accrued expenses	2,305,310	1,615,094	
Interest payable	1,758,310	2,594,651	
Forward exchange contracts payable, net	650,400		
Others	3,989,174	3,669,125	
Total	\$ 30,764,720	\$ 24,303,160	

14. DEPOSITS AND REMITTANCES

	December 31		
	2003	2002	
Checking account deposits	\$ 3,512,649	\$ 3,524,396	
Demand deposits	36,372,514	25,150,285	
Time deposits	145,665,302	117,891,662	
Savings deposits	198,942,786	184,296,118	
Deposits transferred from the Postal Bureau	48,354,667	52,301,776	
Remittances and drafts issued	264,228	114,967	
Total	\$ 433,112,146	\$ 383,279,204	

15. BANK NOTES

In order to enhance its capital ratio and raise the medium to long term operating funds, the Bank issued bank notes which are listed as follows:

The Bank issued a 10-year bank notes in the amount of \$5,000,000 thousand at par value on October 2, 2001. The interest rates for years one to five and years six to ten are 4.05% and 4.45%, respectively. The interest will be paid annually. The Bank has redemption right on such bank notes at par value plus accrued interest payable starting from the sixth year onward.

The Bank issued a 7-year bank notes in the amount of \$4,800,000 thousand at par value on January 30, 2002. The interest rate for years one to seven is 4.00%. The interest will be paid annually. The principal should be paid back at once when due.

The Bank issued \$3.1 billion subordinated bank notes on July 10, 2002.

were as follows:	
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Bon	d item	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	1
Issue	Amount	200,000	600,000	500,000	500,000	500,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Face	Value	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Issue Price		10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000	10,000
Durat	ion	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10	2002.07.10
		2005.07.10	2005.10.10	2005.10.10	2005.10.10	2005.10.10	2005.10.10	2005.10.10	2005.10.10	2005.07.10
From the issuance date, the interest will be accrued quarterly and paid semi-annually. From the issuance date, the interest will be accrued quarterly and paid semi-annually. The interest of the three months before maturity will be paid at maturity date.							у.	From the issuance date the interest will be accrued every year and paid annually.		
Interest Accrual The interest will be accrued on single and floating coupon rate: the first interest - determined date is on 2nd day before the issuance date. From the issuance date, the interest rate should be adjusted quarterly in accordance with the floating rate on the 2nd day before interest - determined date and be accrued on simple rate; in addition, the interest rate should not be lower than 0.00% and the interest will be accrued on the basis of actual days.								The interest will be accrued on simple,and fixed coupon rate.		
	1st Year	(6.50% - Floating Rate)	(6.35% - Floating Rate)	(6.35% - Floating Rate)	(6.70% - Floating Rate)	4.63%	The first 18 months: (8.00% - Floating Rate) From the 19th month: (6.70% - Floating Rate)	(11.00%-2× Floating Rate)	4.15%	
nterest	2nd Year		(6.75% - Floating Rate)	(6.75% - Floating Rate)	(7.00% - Floating Rate)			(10.50%-2× Floating Rate)	4.15%	3.65% - fixed rate
Rate	3rd Year		(7.15% - Floating Rate)	(7.15% - Floating Rate)	(7.30% - Floating Rate)			(10.00%-2× Floating Rate)	If the floating rate is lower	
	4th Year	N/A	(7.55% - Floating Rate)	(7.55% - Floating Rate)	(7.60% -	(7.05% - Floating Rate)		(9.50%-2× Floating Rate)	than 4.70% - the coupon rate is 4.15% -	N/A
	5th Year - Maturity date	N/A	(7.95% - Floating Rate)	(7.95% - Floating Rate)	Floating Rate)			(9.00%-2× Floating Rate)	Otherwise, (8.85% - Floating Rate)	N/A
on the	mption e ity Date	The bonds w	vill be redeeme	d at the maturi	ity date in cash	at par value				
Other Agree	ements		st payments re s are bearer, b	•				vill not be paid. st.		

The floating rate is determined by the 90-day commercial paper fixed rate in the secondary market, provided by the Money Line Telerate at 11.00 am on the interest-determined day.

The Bank issued a 5-year bank notes in the amount of \$1,900,000 thousand at par value on November 15, 2002. The interest rate is 5.02% minus the current interest rate of 180-day commercial paper, but should not be less than 0%. The interest will be paid semi-annually. The principal should be paid back at once when due.

The Bank was authorized to issue \$15 billion bank notes under the approval of MOF on May 6, 2003 and partially issued \$4 billion bank notes as follows:

The Bank issued first \$1,000 million bank notes in 2003:

Bond	Issued Date	Maturity Date	Duration	Issue Amount	Interest Rate	Face Value	The Method of Redemption and Interest Payment
Α	2003.10.08	2008.10.08		/ear \$200 million each	4.2% minus 6-month USD LIBOR except for the first year	\$10,000 thousand	Bonds will be redeemed on the maturity date at par value in cash. Interest will be accrued on simple rate and paid semi-annually from the issuance date.
В	2003.10.08	2008.10.08			fixed at 4.1%. In addition, the interest rate should not be less than 0%. From the second		
С	2003.10.08	2008.10.08	5-year		year, the interest rate is recalculated semi-annually in		
D	2003.10.08	2008.10.08					
Е	2003.10.08	2008.10.08					

The Bank issued second \$900 million bank notes in 2003:

Bond	Issued Date	Maturity Date	Duration	Issue Amount	Interest Rate	Face Value	The Method of Redemption and Interest Payment
Α	2003.11.28	2008.11.28		\$300 million	4.9% minus 6-month USD LIBOR and the interest rate should not be less than 0%. The first interest-determined		Bonds will be
В	2003.11.28	2008.11.28	5-year		The first interest-determined date is November 28, 2003. The following interest rate, from 2 nd year to 5 th year, is	\$10,000 shousand redeemed on the maturity date at par value in cash. Interest will be accrued on simple rate and paid semi-annually from the issuance date.	
С	2003.11.28	2008.11.28	3-year	\$200 million each	recalculated in accordance with the floating rate on 2 nd day prior to interest payment date, the first day of each		rate and paid semi- annually from the
D	2003.11.28	2008.11.28			payment period. The floating rate is provided by the Moneyline Telerate on the re-set day at 11:00 AM.		

The Bank issued third \$2,100 million bank notes in 2003:

Bond	Issued Date	Maturity Date	Duration	Issue Amount	Interest Rate	Face Value	The Method of Redemption and Interest Payment
Α	2003.12.16	2008.12.16		\$200	4.9% minus 6-month LIBOR. The 6-month LIBOR is recalculated in accordance		Bonds will be
В	2003.12.16	2008.12.16		million each	million each with the floating rate on 2 nd day prior to interest payment	\$40.000	redeemed on the maturity date at par
С	2003.12.16	2008.12.16			date, the first day of each payment period. The floating rate is provided by the	\$10,000 thousand	value in cash. Interest will be accrued on simple
D	2003.12.16	2008.12.16		\$300 million each	Moneyline Telerate on the re-set day at 11:00 AM. In addition, the interest rate should not be less than 0%.		rate and paid semi- annually from the
Е	2003.12.16	2008.12.16	5.11001				issuance date.
F	2003.12.16	2008.12.16	5-year	5-year \$200	The interest rate is [2.5*(NTD CMS 5y-NTD CMS 2y)] +0.45%. "NTD CMS 5y" is determined by IRS MID rate of 5 year and 2 year NTD	\$10,000 thousand	Bonds will be redeemed on the maturity date at par value in cash. Interest will be accrued on simple rate and paid quarterly from the issuance date.
G	2003.12.16	2008.12.16		million each	interest rate swap on the 2nd day before interest payment date at 11 AM, provided by PYTWD01 of Reuters on the reset day at 11:00 AM. In addition, the interest rate should not be less than 0%.		

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В	ond	Issued Date	Maturity Date	Duration	Issue Amount	Interest Rate	Face Value	The Method of Redemption and Interest Payment
	н	2003.12.16	2008.12.16	5 years	\$200	If "3-month USD LIBOR" is less than 1.1%, the interest rate is "3-month USD LIBOR" plus 0.65%; if "3-month USD LIBOR" is between 1.1% and 2%, the interest rate is 3.25%; if "3-month USD LIBOR" is greater than 2.0%, the interest rate is 5.0% minus 3-month USD LIBOR.	\$10,000	Bonds will be redeemed on the maturity date at par value in cash.
	ı	2003.12.16	2008.12.16	7,02	\$200 million each	"3-month USD LIBOR" is determined by 3-month USD LIBOR on the 2 nd day before interest payment date, provided by the Moneyline Telerate on the re-set day at 11:00 AM. In addition, the interest rate should be not less than 0%.	thousand	Interest will be accrued on simple rate and paid quarterly from the issuance date.

16. OTHER LIABILITIES

	December 31			
	2003			
Reserve for loss on guarantee	\$ 352,696	\$ 353,037		
Reserve for securities trading	161,232	12,914		
Sell option premium	1,860,957	1,029,620		
Deferred revenue	375,227	586,028		
Others	74,217	91,553		
Total	\$ 2,824,329	\$ 2,073,152		

Pension Plan

The Bank charged pension costs based on an actuarial valuation of its pension plan liability. The information related to the plan is disclosed as follows:

The status of employee pension plan at December 31, 2003 and 2002 are summarized below:

		2003		2002
Actuarial present value of benefit obligations:				
Vested benefits	(\$	276)	(\$	5,937)
Nonvested benefits	(433,590)	(324,111)
Accumulated benefit obligations	(433,866)	(330,048)
Additional benefits estimated for future salaries	(343,795)	(271,095)
Projected benefit obligations	(777,661)	(601,143)
Plan assets at fair value		731,547		438,493
Projected benefit obligation in excess of plan assets	(46,114)	(162,650)
Unrecognized net transition obligations		44,900		47,893
Unrecognized gains or losses		70,893		142,262
Prepaid pension asset	\$	69,679	\$	27,505

The vested benefits of pension plan as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 amounted to \$326 thousand and \$6,268 thousand, respectively.

The assumptions used in the actuarial computations are summarized as follows:

	2003	2002
Discount rate	3,25%	3.75%
Rate of increase in future compensation levels	3.25%	3.50%
Expected rates of return on plan assets	3.25%	3.75%

Net periodic pension cost for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 consist of the following:

	2003 2002		2002	
Service cost	\$	109,764	\$	92,281
Interest cost		22,425		20,620
Expected return on plan assets	(18,821)	(17,486)
Amortization of net transition obligations		2,993		2,993
Amortization of unrecognized gains		3,423		1,172
Total periodic pension cost	\$	119,784	\$	99,580

The changes of plan assets for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 were as follows:

	2003 2002		2002	
Beginning balance	\$	438,493	\$	313,941
Contribution		161,959		128,577
Payment		-	(12,278)
Merger with Dah-An commercial bank		122,902		-
Return on assets		8,193		8,253
Ending balance	\$	731,547	\$	438,493

17. CAPITAL STOCK

At December 31, 2003, the Bank's authorized capital is \$30,035,000 thousand with 3,003,500 thousand shares and registered capital stock is \$28,467,810 thousand, divided into 2,446,781 thousand common shares and 400,000 thousand preferred shares at \$10 par value per share.

Details of outstanding capital stock as of December 31, 2003 are as follows:

	Common Stock	Preferred Stock	Total
Initial capital contribution in cash	\$ 10,000,000	\$ -	\$ 10,000,000
Capital infusion	8,532,190	7,000,000	15,532,190
Unappropriated earnings and capital surplus transferred			
to capital stock	6,921,440	-	6,921,440
Less redemption of preferred stock-A	-	(3,000,000)	(3,000,000)
Less cancellation of treasury stock	(985,820)	-	(985,820)
Total	\$ 24,467,810	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 28,467,810

The issued and outstanding common and preferred shares of Taishin Bank are all held by the parent, Taishin Financial Holding, which was established through a share-swap on February 18, 2002. According to Article 15 of Financial Holding Company Law, rights of the shareholders' are executed by the board of directors. The Company law regarding shareholders' meeting is not applicable.

Taishin Bank has cancelled its own 79,363 and 19,219 thousand shares of treasury stock as of January 2002 and September 2003, respectively.

The Bank issued preferred stock-A of \$3,000,000 on September 20, 1999 with a cumulative, non-participating, and non-convertible, dividend yield at 5.75%. The right to dividends is preferred to common stock, Taishin Bank had redeemed preferred stock-A on September 20, 2002 at par value, and received the approval from MOF for canceling the preferred stock on the effective date of September 20, 2002.

The Bank issued preferred stock-B of \$4,000,000 thousand on December 31, 2000 with a cumulative, nonparticipating, and non-convertible, dividend yield at 6.05 %. The right to dividends is preferred to common stock. The Bank will redeem the preferred stock 6 years after the issued date at par value.

There are \$1,035,000 thousand unappropriated retained earnings transferred to common stock in 2003, under the approval of the Board of Directors, dated on May 8, 2003.

On December 31, 2003, Taishin Bank issued 62,500 thousand common shares at \$10, par value per share. All the shares were subscribed by Taishin Financial Holding for \$2,000 million. The premium on capital stock in the amount of \$1,375,000 thousand is reported as additional paid-in capital.

18. DISTRIBUTION OF EARNINGS AND DIVIDEND POLICY

The Bank's Articles of Incorporation provide that the Bank's annual earnings shall be appropriated in the following order:

- (a)payment of taxes;
- (b)offset accumulated deficit, if any;
- (c)30% thereafter, if any, as legal reserve;
- (d)dividend yields in cash distributed to preferred shareholders;
- (e)the remaining balance, 1%~5% as bonuses to employees and 3% as remunerations to directors and supervisors, and appropriated earnings;
- (f)the remainder plus the beginning balance of unappropriated earnings is to be distributed as dividends to shareholders based on proportionate interest in shares.

Items (e) and (f) above are to be proposed by the Bank's Board of Directors and distributed upon approval in the shareholders' regular annual meeting.

However, cash distributions in any given year must not exceed 15% of the Bank's actual paid-in capital. In the case where the Bank's legal reserve equals to or exceeds actual paid-in capital, the above-mentioned restrictions do not apply. Whereas if the ratio of capital to risk-weighted assets is less than 8%, as stipulated by the Ministry of Finance, cash distribution shall also be restricted.

The board of directors resolve to distribute bonuses to employees of \$93,081 thousand on May 8, 2003. The basic earnings per share of 2002 was NT\$1.67 which would have been NT\$1.63 in case the bonuses to employees were treated as current expenses.

The board of directors resolved to distribute bonuses to employees of \$12,407 thousand and remunerations to directors and supervisors of \$9,305 thousand in the appropriation of 2001 earnings. The basic earnings per share of 2001 was NT\$0.35 which would have been NT\$0.33 in case the bonuses to employees and remunerations to directors and supervisors were treated as current expenses.

The appropriation of 2003 earnings has not been approved by the board of directors at the date of auditors report. The information regarding the resolved 2003 earnings appropriation can be obtained later from the SEC Market Observations Post System (M.O.P.S) Website when the resolution is made.

In 2002, the Bank distributed bonuses to employees of \$12,407 thousand in cash and remunerations to Directors and supervisors of \$9,305 thousand from 2001 earnings in accordance with the resolution of Board of Directors and shareholders' approval. The earnings per share of 2001 was \$0.35 which would have been \$0.33 in case the bonuses to employees and remunerations of Directors and supervisors were treated as current expenses.

According to letter No. 1 (89)-Tai-Tsai-Cheng-100116, a listed or an over-the-counter company is required to provide a special reserve equal to the amount of deduction items (except for treasury stock) of shareholders' equity, prior to making distributions as stated in step (e) above. The balance of such deduction items as of December 31, 2003 is \$252,675 thousand. As of February 18, 2002, Taishin Bank became a subsidiary of Taishin Financial Holding and its shares were delisted. According to letter No. 1 (91)-Tai-Tsai-Cheng-112798, the special reserve provided under letter 100116 is allowed to be transferred to earnings for distribution and actually distributed in 2003.

19. TREASURY STOCK

Common Stock

	(In Thousand Shares)			
Reason of Purchase	Shares in the Beginning of the Year	Increase	Decrease	Shares in the End of the Year
Re-issuance to employees	19,219		(19,219)	

Dah An Bank purchased 38,438 thousand treasury shares for re-issuing to its employees according to Article 28-2 of Securities and Exchange Law. After the Bank and Dah An Bank agreed to establish Taishin Financial Holding by means of a share swap, the Bank holds 19,219 thousand shares of Taishin Financial Holding at book value of \$237,739, which were recorded as treasury stock as stipulated in the Letter No. 6. (91) Tai-Tsai-Cheng111467.

Pursuant to Article 28-2 of the Securities Exchange Law and Letter No. 3(91) Tai-Tsai-Cheng 108164, the Bank shall not pledge treasury stocks held, nor shall it possess voting rights or receive dividends. The treasury stock of 19,129 thousand shares mentioned above were allowed to be canceled on September 2003.

According to Article 28-2 of the Securities and Exchange Law, the number of shares bought back shall not be more than ten percent of the total number of issued and outstanding shares of the Company. The total amount of the shares bought back shall not be more than the amount of retained earnings plus premium on capital stock plus realized capital reserve.

As of December 31, 2003, the aggregate treasury stock purchased was 19,219 thousand shares for \$237,739 thousand, both of which are in conformity to the related regulations.

20. PERSONNEL EXPENSES, DEPRECIATION, DEPLETION AND AMORTIZATION

Personnel expenses, depreciation, depletion and amortization expenses for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 were summarized as follows:

Function	2003		20	2002	
Nature	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	Operating Cost	Operating Expense	
Personnel expenses:					
Salary	\$ -	\$4,775,423	\$ -	\$3,548,989	
Labor and health insurance	-	262,672	-	208,912	
Pension	-	119,784	-	59,018	
Others		201,254	-	179,677	
Depreciation	-	578,911	-	457,892	
Depletion and Amortization	-	1,157,334	-	888,197	

21. INCOME TAX

Income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 is generated as follows:

	2003	2002
Income before income tax	\$ 7,768,682	\$ 4,824,665
Permanent differences:		
Gain on sale of marketable securities	(962,241)	(607,609)
Provision for trading securities	148,319	12,914
Interest on short-term negotiable instruments, separately taxed at 20%	(644,124)	(1,146,759)
Provision for (recovery of) decline in market value of bills and securities	13,512	(237,712)
Nontaxable OBU (income) loss	(129,214)	204,016
Investment income recognized by the equity method	(344,223)	(551,435)
Dividend income	(339,895)	(89,836)
Permanent loss on long-term investment	202,730	-
Others	81,422	28,347
Subtotal	(1,973,714)	(2,388,074)
Temporary differences:		
(Reversed) provision for decline in market value of collaterals and		
residuals taken over	(779,323)	666,913
Reversed provision for loan losses	(707,011)	(15,659,692)
Provision for guarantee losses exceeding the tax limit	43,198	14,929
Subtotal	(1,443,136)	(14,977,850)
Taxable income after permanent and temporary differences	4,351,832	(12,541,259)
Deduct loss carryforwards	(4,351,832)	-
Tax rate	25%	25%
Income tax currently payable	-	-
Add:		
Decrease in deferred tax assets	1,657,545	486,155
Tax on interest income from short-term negotiable instruments,		
separately taxed at 20%	128,719	229,352
Adjustment for prior years' tax estimates	(183,809)	32,189
Reported income tax expense	\$ 1,602,455	\$ 747,696

The details of deferred income tax assets (liabilities) as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

	2003	2002
Bad debt loss exceeding the limit	\$ -	\$ 207,665
Provision for guarantee losses exceeding the limit	29,995	19,195
Provision for decline in market value of collaterals and residuals taken over	33,956	228,786
Loss carryforwards	2,294,820	3,543,206
Investment credit	45,028	62,492
Total	\$ 2,403,799	\$ 4,061,344

According to the amendment in the Income Tax Law, the information of imputation credit account ("ICA") and the estimated imputed tax credit rate as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

	2003	2002
Shareholders' deductible income tax account	\$ 80,702	\$ 153,852
	2003	2002
The estimated imputed tax credit rate	1.31%	10.79%

The information regarding the undistributed earnings as of December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

	2003 2002		2002	
1997 and before	\$	-	\$	32,405
1998 and after		6,183,349		3,562,511
Total	\$	6,183,349	\$	3,594,916

The income tax returns of Taishin Bank up to 2000, have been examined by the tax authorities. The tax authorities denied tax payable deductions and tax refundable additions taken by Taishin Bank for the years of 1994, 1995 and 1998 through 2000 in the amount of \$64,586 thousand and \$38,646 thousand. Taishin Bank appealed the court decision and First Court canceled the determination by the tax authorities and penalty of Taishin Bank. Nevertheless, the amount of tax refundable is not paid back yet. Taishin Bank recorded the tax payable of \$64,586 thousand, tax refundable of \$38,646 and accrued an additional tax payable of \$59,612 thousand for the years of 1999, 2000 and 2001 as current income tax expense for 2001.

22. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Earnings per share is derived from income before income tax and net income of \$7,768,682 thousand and \$6,166,227 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2003, and \$4,824,665 thousand and \$4,076,969 thousand for the year ended December 2002, minus preferred stock dividends divided by the weighted average number of outstanding common shares, including the 103,500 thousand new shares issued by Taishin Bank through transfer of retained earnings to capital.

23. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Names and Relationships of Related Parties

Name	Relationship
Taishin Financial Holding	Parent company
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	Under control by the same parent company
Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taishin Assets Management Co.	Same as above
Taisin Venture Capital Investment Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taishin Real-Estate Management Co.	An investee under equity method
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	Same as above
PayEasy Digital Integration Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Dah An Leasing Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taishin International finance Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taishin Non-Life Insurance agency Co., Ltd.	Its president is Taishin Bank's chairman
Taishin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Tan Asian Plastics	Same as above
Shin Kong Synthetic Fibers Corp.	Same as above
Start-up Office of You Bright Optronic Corporation	Its founder is Taishin Bank's chairman
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Its chairman is a member of the immediate family of the Bank's chairma
Shin Kong Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taiwan Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Wang Tien Woollen Textile Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Shin Kong Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Shinshen Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Jupiter Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Mercury Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Shin Ze Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Same as above
Taiwan Futures Co., Ltd.	Related party in substance
Taiwan Securities Investment Advisory Co., Ltd.	Same as above
ShinKong Life RealEstate Service Company	Same as above
International Bank of Taipei Co., Ltd.	Same as above

Material Transactions with Related Parties

Loans, Deposits and Guaranteed Loans

	2.000				
Item	Ending Balance	Highest Amount During 2003	Interest and Service Charge Rate Per Annum %	Ş	Interest and Service Revenue Expense)
Loans to related parties:					
Shinshen Co., Ltd.	\$ 1,425,000	\$ 1,500,000	3.750~4.250	\$	57,083
Shin Kong Synthetic Fibers Corp.	1,380,769	1,868,000	1.550~3.900		38,661
Wang Tien Woollen Textile Co., Ltd.	580,000	800,000	3.000~4.300		21,812
Shin Kong Co., Ltd.	550,000	600,000	1.550~2.700		736
Taishin Bills Finance	1,300,000	1,300,000	1.300~1.500		605
Tan Asian Plastics	354,600	424,200	1.600~6.3403		7,350
Taiwan Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd.	110,000	180,000	2.800~4.250		4,995
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	800,000	1,000,000	1.300~2.650		763
Others	219,914				7,055
Total	\$ 6,720,283			\$	139,060
Guaranteed loans to related parties:					
Shin Kong Synthetic Fibers Corp.	\$ 603,422	\$ 1,044,857	0.500~0.600	\$	2,732
Others	1,563				4,222
Total	\$ 604,985			\$	6,954
Deposits from related parties:					
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$ 4,261,795		0~4.900	(\$	60,534)
Taishin Financial Holding Co., Ltd.	9,673,771		0~1.030	(47,210)
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	315,512		0~5.300	(2,365)
Shin Kong Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.	223,658		0~4.000	(2,025)
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	250,242		0~2.300	(508)
Taishin Bills Finance	6,817,406		0~4.100	(22,409)
Jupiter Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	138,802		0.150~1.050	(356)
Mercury Venture Capital Co., Ltd.	137,378		0~1.850	(550)
Shin Ze Asset Management Co., Ltd.	135,190		0~0.350	(147)
Start-up Office of You Bright Optronic Corporation	120,004		0.150	(3,748)
Taiwan Futures Co., Ltd.	145,120		0~1.200	(872)
Others	91,387			(5,723)
Total	\$22,310,265			(\$	146,447)

2003

		20	002		
Item	Ending Balance	Highest Amount During 2002	Interest and Service Charge Rate Per Annum %	S	nterest and Service Sevenue Expense)
oans to related parties:					
Shin Kong Synthetic Fibers Corp.	\$ 1,428,000	\$ 1,998,000	3.200~5.000	\$	50,467
Shinshen Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	1,500,000	4.250~5.000		50,141
Shin Kong Co., Ltd.	600,000	600,000	2.700~5.000		2,179
Wang Tien Woollen Textile Co., Ltd.	560,000	560,000	3.700~5.000		13,802
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	400,000	400,000	1.750~6.750		898
Tan Asian Plastics	177,800	224,000	3.300~5.888		6,005
Taiwan Leasing & Financing Co., Ltd.	177,000	177,000	4.250~5.500		7,333
Others	205,129				15,193
Total	\$ 5,047,929			\$	146,018

	2002					
Item		Ending Balance	Highest Amount During 2002	Interest and Service Charge Rate Per Annum %	Ę	Interest and Service Revenue Expense)
Guaranteed loans to related parties:						
Shin Kong Synthetic Fibers Corp.	\$	544,857	544,857	0.300~0.500	\$	1,327
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.		250,000	300,000	0.750		405
Others		91,562				9,610
Total	\$	886,419			\$	11,342
Deposits from related parties:						
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	\$	5,706,813		0~5.300	(\$	199,835)
Taishin Bills Finance Co.		1,083,979		0~5.500	(23,279)
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.		512,331		0~5.300	(10,944)
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.		324,373		0~0.500	(1,163)
Shin Kong Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Ltd.		187,647		0~4.700	(3,912)
Shin Kong Synthetic Fibers Corp.		138,192		0~4.000	(94)
Wang Tien Woollen Textile Co., Ltd.		110,927		0~2.800	(238)
Taiwan Futures Co., Ltd.		202,262		0~6.450	(355)
Others		1,547,588			(19,179)
Total	\$	9,814,112			(\$	258,999)

All such transactions with related parties were made under arm's length terms, which are consistent with the Bank's normal policies.

Call Loans to Bank and Call Loans from Bank

				20	03			
Related Parties	Item	В	alance		Highest Amount uring 2003	Interest Rate %	In	terest
Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd. Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	Call loans to bank Call loans from bank	\$	300,000	\$	50,000 300,000	0.90~1.18 0.75~1.40	\$	5 217)
				20	02			
Related Parties	Item	В	alance		Highest Amount ıring 2002	Interest Rate %	In	terest
Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd. Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	Call loans to bank Call loans from bank	\$	300,000	\$	550,000 300,000	1.90~2.40 1.30~2.28	\$	50 801)

All such transaction with related parties were made under arm's length terms, which are consistent with the Bank's normal policies.

Trading Securities

	2003						
	Purchase Price	Sales Price	Repurch	ase Price	Resa	le Price	
Related Parties	(Cumulative Amount)	(Cumulative Amount)	Ending Balance	Interest Rate	Ending Balance	Interest Rate	
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	\$ 23,408,616	\$ 22,889,658	\$ 67,295	0.750~2.450	\$ -	-	
Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd.	99,670,549	90,580,507	-	0.650~1.300	638,704	0.690~1.500	
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	-	-	1,250,963	0.650~1.375	-	-	
Shin Kong Fire & Marine Insurance							
Co., Ltd.			426,372	0.675~1.300			
Total	\$ 123,079,165	\$113,470,165	\$ 1,744,630		\$ 638,704		

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(Continued)

			20	02		
	Purchase Price	Sales Price	Repurch	ase Price	Resa	le Price
Related Parties	(Cumulative Amount)	(Cumulative Amount)	Ending Balance	Interest Rate	Ending Balance	Interest Rate
Taiwan Securities Co., Ltd.	\$ 13,953,745	\$ 15,432,421	\$ 1,470,129	1.250~4.200	\$ 40,074	1.950-2.400
Taishin Bills Finance Co., Ltd	45,343,185	5,789,355	2,653,926	1.000~2.300	1,523,449	1.500~4.447
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd. Shin Kong Fire & Marine Insurance	-	1,735,699	2,155,226	1.375~2.350	-	-
Co., Ltd.	-	-	155,278	1.400~2.200	-	-
Total	\$ 59,296,930	\$ 22,957,475	\$ 6,434,559		\$1,563,523	_

Lease Payments and Guarantee Deposits

			Lease	Payment	Guarante	e Deposits
Related Parties	Lease Object	Lease Period	2003	2002	2003	2002
Shin Kong Life Insurance Co., Ltd.	Tunha S. Rd. Branch Sec. 1, Tunha South Road, Taipei Managerial and other departments	2001.09.01~ 2006.08.31	\$ 67,341	\$80,036	\$ 16,698	\$14,465
Shinshen Co., Ltd.	Nanking E. Rd. Branch Sec. 3, Nanking East Road, Taipei	1999.11.01~ 2005.10.31	23,935	22,786	5,000	5,000
Others			12,130	10,189	1,924	1,924

All such transactions with related parties were made under arm's length terms, which are consistent with the Bank's normal policies.

Transferring Ownerships of the Loans

The loans transferred to Taishin Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd. & Taishin Assets Management Co., Ltd. in the year of 2002 are as follows:

			Receivable Ending Balances	
Related Parties	Original Amount	Transferring Price	2003	2002
Taishin Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	\$ 2,855,709	\$ 952,928	\$ 571,757	\$ 857,635
Taishin Assets Management Co., Ltd.	7,524,413	1,913,129	1,178,259	1,767,389
Total	\$ 10,380,122	\$ 2,866,057	\$ 1,750,016	\$ 2,625,024

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, balance of receivable from transferred loans was as follows:

Period	Receivable Balance	 zed Interest come
December 31, 2003~December 31, 2004	\$ 1,750,016	\$ 16,939
December 31, 2002~December 31, 2003	\$ 2,625,024	\$ 59,280

Bank Notes

		2003		20	102
Related Party	Item	Amount	Percentage of Item (%)	Amount	Percentage of Item (%)
Taishin Bills Finance	Bank notes 91-1	\$ 200,000	1	\$ 200,000	1
	Bank notes 91-2	50,000	-	50,000	-

24. PLEDGED ASSETS

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, the assets pledged are as follows:

Pledged Assets	Descriptions	2003	2002
Refundable collaterals	Bonds, bills, certificates of time deposit	\$ 7,205,112	\$ 9,822,338
Guarantee deposits paid	Cash	2,548,405	1,213,770

25. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

As of December 31, 2003 and 2002, the Bank has the following contingent liabilities and commitments:

	2003	2002
Bills for collection	\$ 22,066,248	\$ 25,338,111
Custody of marketable securities	104,809,771	87,082,363
Travellers' checks for sale	248,029	284,331
Acceptances	1,952,377	525,687
Guarantees	23,271,637	27,625,481
Letters of credit	4,778,707	3,387,749
Commercial paper or bonds sold under repurchase agreements	27,899,820	27,539,620
Commercial paper or bonds purchased under resale agreements	4,020,256	2,919,000
Trust assets	81,250,654	50,521,604
Unpaid equipment purchase contracts	2,260,502	1,332,551
Unused loan commitments	64,439,810	57,033,675
Forward exchange contracts	225,642,069	149,771,159
Derivatives related to interest rate contracts in notional amount	270,157,148	32,484,000
Derivatives related to foreign exchange contracts in notional amount	398,297,695	155,631,042
Derivatives related to equity securities and merchandises	268,686	674,300

According to Article 17 of the implementation rules of Trust Law, Taishin Bank should disclose its balance sheet of trust account and its asset items, which were as follows:

		nce sheet at December 31, 2003 usands of New Taiwan Dollars)	
Trust assets:		Trust liabilities -Accrued management fee	\$ 3,373
Cash in banks	\$ 1,305,412	Trust capital:	
Short-term investments:		Monetary trust	74,932,844
Common stocks	6,271,008	Security trust	6,314,437
Mutual funds	73,588,963	Total	\$ 81,250,654
Short-term notes and bills	84,558		
Receivables	713		
Total	\$ 81,250,654		

Trust Assets Summary

Items	Amount
Cash in banks	\$ 1,305,412
Short-term investments:	
Common stocks	6,271,008
Mutual funds	73,588,963
Short-term notes and bills	84,558
Receivables	713
Total	\$ 81,250,654

26. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In compliance with Article 31 of the ROC Financial Holding Company Act, Taishin Bank released Taishin Financial Holding's shares on February 2003. As of February 19, 2004, the accumulated transaction amount is \$379,480 thousand with accumulated 12,750 shares and the disposal gain of \$193,128 thousand is reported.

Taishin Bank decided to sell of 3,600 thousand shares of Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd. under the approval of the Board of Directors on February 19, 2004. However, the motion described above will become effective after the approval of the Board of Monetary Affairs (BOMA). As of December 31, 2003, the carrying value of the investment was \$247,869 thousand.

27. DERIVATIVE INSTRUMENT

Transaction-Based Derivative Instrument

The Bank engages in various derivative instruments, including forward exchange contracts, interest rate swap agreements and cross currency swaps, interest rate swaps, etc., to provide customers hedging instruments of financial positions as a result of import, export and currency exchange transactions, as well as to manage the bank's asset and liability positions and credit risk.

Contract Amount or Nominal Principal Amount and Credit Risk

	December 31											
	200	03	200)2								
Financial Instrument	Contract Amount	Credit Risk	Contract Amount	Credit Risk								
Forward exchange contracts	\$ 45,201,412	\$ 335,085	\$ 24,746,492	\$ 574,775								
Interest rate swaps	240,058,956	771,500	14,761,125	30,390								
Cross currency swaps	12,713,941	250,375	-	-								
Currency options	78,088,788	135,658	-	-								
Interest rate options	2,600,000	-		-								
Index futures	268,686	-		-								

Credit risk refers to the risk arising from the inability of a liable party to meet the terms of the Bank's financial instrument contracts when due. The amount for credit risk listed above pertains to contracts with a positive fair value on balance sheet date. It represents the Bank's potential loss, considering potential exposures and credit risk factors, if the liable party breaches the contract. It is the Bank's policy to enter into financial instruments with creditworthy financial institutions and trade within given credit limits. Therefore, the Bank does not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparties.

Market Price Risk

The market price risk refers to the risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates in the market. The Bank estimates its risk value for financial instruments such as forward exchange contracts in accordance with capital positions of various currencies. The risk value refers to a potential loss of a financial instrument or investment portfolio for a specific period and at a confidence level, as a result of unfavorable changes in the market.

	Decem	ber 31
	2003	2002
Exchange rate risk	\$ 1,042,047	\$ 147,687
Interest rate risk	888,968	458,290
	\$ 1,931,015	\$ 605,977

Liquidity Risk, Cash Flow Risk and Uncertainty in Future Cash Demand

The Bank's expected cash inflows and outflows as a result of engaging in transaction-based derivative financial instruments are as follows:

Financial Instrument	Period	Amount
Forward exchange contract	Year ended December 31, 2004	\$ -
Interest rate swaps	Year ended December 31, 2004	77,000
Cross currency swaps	Year ended December 31, 2004	260,000
Currency options	Year ended December 31, 2004	18,000
Interest rate options	Year ended December 31, 2004	2,000
Index futures	Year ended December 31, 2004	1,000

The expected cash flows listed above are forecast amounts. Such forecasts are influenced by exchange rates, interest rates and stock index. The longer the period, the higher the uncertainty.

The Bank uses its working capital to engage in the derivative financial instruments and therefore does not require material additional cash inflows.

The Bank has recorded exchange loss of \$335,426 thousand and exchange gain of \$876,707 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

The Bank has recorded net gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments in amount of \$596,433 thousand and \$(38,587) thousand as a result of engaging in interest rate swaps for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

The Bank has recorded net gain (loss) on derivative financial instruments in amount of \$(16,341) thousand, \$323,813 thousand, \$(2,096) thousand, \$(1,084) thousand and \$(1,863) thousand as a result of engaging in cross currency swaps, currency options, interest rate options, interest futures and index futures, respectively, for the year ended December 31, 2003.

Non-Transaction-Based Derivative Financial Instrument

Contract Amount or Nominal Principal Amount and Credit Risk

	December 31								
	200	03	20	02					
Financial Instrument	Contract Amount	Credit Risk	Contract Amount	Credit Risk					
FX swaps	\$ 136,884,808	\$ 726,071	\$ 65,929,479	\$ 553,394					
Cross currency swaps	30,841,907	912,436	19,409,583	265,263					
Interest rate swaps	27,498,193	89,574	17,722,875	85,039					
Currency options	94,566,839	2,145,215	45,545,488	1,198,341					
Equity securities options	-	-	674,300	-					

Credit risk refers to the risk arising from the inability of a liable party to meet the terms of the Bank's financial instrument contracts when due. The amount for credit risk listed above pertains to contracts with a positive fair value on balance sheet date. It represents the Bank's potential loss, considering potential exposures and credit risk factors, if the liable party breaches the contract. It is the Bank's policy to enter into financial instruments with creditworthy financial institutions and trade within given credit limits. Therefore, the Bank does not anticipate nonperformance by the counterparties.

Market Price Risk

The market price risk refers to the risk arising from fluctuations in exchange rates and interest rates in the market. The Bank engages in the derivative financial instruments described above with a diversity of other international financial institutions to minimize the specified risk. Therefore, the market price risk is not expected to be significant.

Liquidity Risk, Cash Flow Risk and Uncertainty in Future Cash Demand

The Bank's expected cash inflows and outflows as a result of engaging in non-transaction-based derivative financial instruments are as follows:

Financial Instrument	Period	,	Amount
FX swaps	Year ended December 31, 2004	\$	65,000
Cross currency swaps	Year ended December 31, 2004		-
Interest rate swaps	Year ended December 31, 2004		15,000
Currency options	Year ended December 31, 2004		-

The expected cash flows listed above are forecast amounts. Such forecasts are influenced by exchange rates and interest rates. The longer the period, the higher the uncertainty.

The Bank uses its working capital to engage in the derivative financial instruments and therefore does not require material additional cash inflows.

The Presentation of Derivative Financial Instruments in Financial Statements

The Bank classifies the gain or loss as a result of engaging in FX swap, cross currency swap and interest rate swap contracts as interest revenues or interest expenses in the income statement. The net gain or loss as a result of engaging in the contracts described above is listed below:

		Years Ende	d Decembe	er 31	
		2003	003		
FX swaps	\$	126,930	\$	19,810	
Cross currency swaps	(6,819)	(72,052)	
Interest rate swaps		15,979		78,983	

The Bank classifies the gain or loss as a result of engaging in currency options and equity securities options as "gain or loss on derivatives" included in other operating income in the income statement. The Bank's trading gain (loss) as a result of engaging in currency options and equity securities options was \$310,124 thousand and \$(134,704) thousand for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively.

28. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

	December 31					
	2	003	2002			
Financial Instrument	Carrying Value	e Fair Value	Carrying Value	Fair Value		
Assets:						
Financial assets in which fair value is equal to carrying value	\$ 140,171,19	8 \$ 140,171,198	\$ 96,988,989	\$ 96,988,989		
Trading financial assets:						
Forward exchange	90,27			591,479		
Currency options	2,110,43	1 2,110,431		-		
Cross currency swaps	14,02	0 14,020	-	-		
Interest rate swaps	49,773	3 49,773	-	-		
Interest rate options	3,01	5 3,015	-	-		
Non-trading financial assets:						
FX swaps	141,96	6 141,966	12,917,699	12,917,699		
Interest rate swaps			355,000	358,850		
Currency options	278,58	9 278,589	1,019,052	1,019,052		
Trading securities -						
Marketable equity securities	4,030,83	5 4,425,137	4,821,628	4,996,250		
Long-term investments -	3,930,67	7 6,971,363	3,930,677	4,686,546		
Marketable equity securities						
Loans	398,643,73	4 398,643,734	340,818,642	340,818,642		
Total	\$ 549,464,51	3 \$ 552,899,501	\$ 461,443,166	\$ 462,377,507		
Liabilities:						
Financial liabilities in which fair value is equal to carrying value	\$ 94,660,56	6 \$ 94,660,566	\$ 53,783,166	\$ 53,783,166		
Trading Liabilities:						
Forward exchange	306,10	8 306,108	-	-		
Currency options	981,11	5 981,115		-		
Interest rate options	2,56	0 2,560	-	-		
Non-trading liabilities:						
FX swaps	843,84	9 843,849	12,818,727	12,818,727		
Cross currency swaps			63,790	63,790		
Currency options	877,28	2 877,282	989,528	989,528		
Equity securities options			40,092	40,092		
Deposits and remittances	433,112,14	6 433,112,146	383,279,204	383,279,204		
Total	\$ 530,783,62	6 \$ 530,783,626	\$ 450,974,507	\$ 450,974,507		

The Bank uses the following methods and assumptions to determine the fair values of the financial instruments:

The fair values of the short-term financial instruments are determined by their carrying values on the balance sheet dates. As the due dates of these financial instruments are current, the carrying values approximate the fair values. The method applies to cash, due from banks, due from Central Bank of China, receivables, payables, prepayments, advances receipts, and due to banks.

The carrying values of loans, bills discounted, and deposits, which are interest-bearing financial assets and liabilities, approximate their fair values.

Trading securities and long-term investments are measured based on quoted market prices for these instruments. If market prices are not available, the fair values are determined in accordance with financial theory, market practices or other reliable financial information.

The book values of trading securities and long-term investments are the amounts before deductions of allowance for decline in market value.

The fair values of financial instruments are the amounts that Taishin Bank expects to obtain or has to pay, if Taishin Bank closes these contracts on balance sheet date. And ordinarily the fair values of the financial instruments include unrealized gain or loss. Most financial instruments of Taishin Bank were quoted from financial institution.

29. MATURITY ANALYSIS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The maturity of assets and liabilities of the Bank is based on the remaining period from balance sheet dates. The remaining period to maturity is based on maturity dates specified under agreements, and, in cases where there are no specific maturity dates, based on expected dates of collection or settlement.

						2003			
Assets:	0	~30 Days	3	1~180 Days	181	I Days~1 Year	Mo	ore Than 1 Year	Total
Cash and due from banks	\$	25,138,000	\$		s		\$		\$ 25,138,000
Call loans to banks and banks' overdrafts	Т.	300,000	*		*	_	4	_	300,000
Investment		64,774,000		10,413,000		1,687,000		9,072,000	85,946,000
Loans (including delinquent loans)		32,831,000		53,240,000		95,637,000		187,534,000	369,242,000
Interest receivables		1,751,000				-		-	1,751,000
Property and equipment		-		-		-		15,627,000	15,627,000
Others		47,263,000		45,369,000		15,890,000		18,622,000	127,144,000
Total	\$	172,057,000	\$	109,022,000	\$	113,214,000	\$	230,855,000	\$ 625,148,000
Liabilities:									
Call loans from banks and overdrafts on banks	\$	26,231,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 26,231,000
Due to banks (including time deposits									
transferred from post office)		1,800,000		27,970,000		19,468,000		22,000	49,260,000
Deposits		58,515,000		117,542,000		114,962,000		35,027,000	326,046,000
Interest payables		1,570,000		25,000		53,000		-	1,648,000
Borrowings		19,224,000		7,903,000		-		20,023,000	47,150,000
Others		35,090,000		64,835,000		26,583,000		4,607,000	131,115,000
Total	\$	142,430,000	\$	218,275,000	\$	161,066,000	\$	59,679,000	\$ 581,450,000
						2002			
	0	~30 Days	3	1~180 Days	181	Days~1 Year	Мо	re Than 1 Year	Total
Assets:									
Cash and due from banks	\$	20,618,000	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	-	\$ 20,618,000
Call loans to banks and banks' overdrafts		300,000		-		-		-	300,000
Investment		67,241,000		2,569,000		4,058,000		8,907,000	82,775,000
Loans (including overdue receivables)		47,211,000		43,227,000		74,787,000		158,556,000	323,781,000
Interest receivables		2,426,000		-		-		-	2,426,000
Property and equipment		-		-		-		13,636,000	13,636,000
Others	_	23,473,000	_	21,763,000	_	7,665,000	_	23,417,000	76,318,000
Total	\$	161,269,000	\$	67,599,000	\$	86,510,000	\$	204,516,000	\$ 519,854,000

					2002				
	0~30 Days	3	1~180 Days	18	1 Days~1 Year	Mo	ore Than 1 Year		Total
Liabilities:									
Call loans from banks and overdrafts on banks	\$ 11,324,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,324,000
Due to banks (including time deposits									
transferred from post office)	1,592,000		30,080,000		22,630,000		24,000		54,326,000
Deposits	48,637,000		113,812,000		114,717,000		23,366,000	30	00,532,000
Interest payables	2,417,000		8,000		-		52,000		2,477,000
Borrowings	25,988,000		1,336,000		216,000		15,171,000		42,711,000
Others	20,373,000		19,833,000		22,727,000		9,396,000		72,329,000
Total	\$ 110,331,000	\$	165,069,000	\$	160,290,000	\$	48,009,000	\$ 4	83,699,000

Note: The amounts listed above include accounts in NT dollars only (excluding foreign currency) for both head office and domestic branches.

30. INTEREST EARNING ASSETS AND INTEREST BEARING LIABILITIES

The average interest-earning assets, interest bearing liabilities and average interest rates for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002 are as follows:

		20	03	2002			
	Ave	erage Value	Average Interest Rate %	Average Value	Average Interest Rate %		
Assets:							
Due from Central Bank	\$	20,196,630	1.43	\$ 12,194,605	2.83		
Trading securities bills		40,772,948	1.79	49,347,356	2.32		
Trading securities bonds		9,439,418	3.50	7,112,760	4.63		
Due from banks		5,938,279	1.04	4,005,674	0.71		
Loans		346,700,345	7.40	305,765,330	8.59		
Liabilities:							
Due to banks		33,469,009	1.08	24,179,751	1.86		
Demand deposits		108,585,542	0.57	88,586,183	1.42		
Time deposits (including NCD)		233,234,053	1.65	222,767,664	2.78		
Deposits transferred from the Postal Bureau		51,256,798	1.69	49,401,054	2.68		
Bank notes		15,408,767	4.26	-	-		

31. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK

The Bank is a party to financial instruments and credit card transactions with off-balance-sheet risk in the normal course of business to meet the financing needs of its customers. These financial instruments include loans, guarantees, and acceptances bearing interest of 1.024% to 20% for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002. The interest rate for credit cards can be as high as 20%.

As of December 31, 2003, the Bank' financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk consist of the following:

	Decer	mber 31
	2003	2002
Unused credit lines Credit card lines	\$ 64,439,810 384,987,828	\$ 57,033,675 246,454,348

Since the financial instruments will not be all paid off when due, the contract amounts do not represent future cash outflows. That is, the future cash outflows will be less than the contract amount. If the approved credit lines have been used up and the value of the collateral related to these transactions have been totally impaired, the credit risk amount equals to the contract amount, which is the potential loss at maximum.

The Bank has followed a strict credit policy to assess and approve all credit lines and guarantees. Certain customers were requested to provide collaterals. The amount of secured loans accounts for 57.56% and 53.72% of the total loans for the years ended December 31, 2003 and 2002, respectively. The collateral for loans, financing guarantees and letters of credit guarantees are cash, inventories, securities, plants and other assets. If the customers default, the Bank will execute its rights to the collateral in accordance with the terms of the contracts.

There is no collateral related to credit card transactions. However, the Bank reassesses its customers' credit ratings periodically. The customers' credit limits will be adjusted if necessary.

32. DISCLOSURES UNDER STATUTORY REQUIREMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2003

The related information of material transactions is as follows:

No.	ltem	Explanation
1	Capital lending to another party	Note
2	Endorsement for another party	Note
3	Marketable securities held as of December 31, 2003	Note
4	Accumulated purchases and sales balance of specific marketable security over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	Note
5	Acquisition of fixed assets over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	None
6	Disposal of fixed assets over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	None
7	Balance of accumulated purchases and sales with the related party over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	Note
8	Receivables from related parties over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital	Note 23
9	Derivative instrument	Note 27

Note: Not applicable or not required for disclosure for a financial institution.

The related information of Taishin Bank's investees:

No.	Item	Explanation
1	Related information of investees' names, locations, etc	Table 1
2	Capital lending to another party	Table 2 (Note a)
3	Endorsement for another party	None
4	Marketable securities held as of December 31, 2003	Table 3 (Note a)
5	Accumulated purchases and sales balance of specific marketable security over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	None
6	Acquisition of property, plant and equipment over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	Note b
7	Disposal of property, plant and equipment over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	Note b
8	Balance of accumulated purchases and sales with the related party over \$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital for the year ended December 31, 2003	Note b
9	Receivables from related parties over NT\$100 million or 20% of outstanding capital	Note b
10	Derivative instrument	Note b

Note a: Not applicable or not required for disclosure if the investee is a financial institution, insurance company, or security company.

Note b: Not applicable or not required for disclosure if the total assets or operating revenue of the investee is less than 10% of that of Taishin Bank, respectively.

Table 1 Related information of investees' names, locations, etc.

(NT\$'000, except for percentages and shares)

Table 1110	e i Related Illioinflation of investees flames, locations, etc.					(NT\$'000, except for percentages and sha					
			Principal		vestment ount	Ending Balance			Net Recognize		
Investor	Investees' Names	Investees' Location	Business Activities	End of Current Period	End of Last Period	Shares	Ratio	Book Value	(Loss) of Current Period	(Loss) of Current Period	Note
Taishin Bank	Taishin Real- Estate Management Co., Ltd.	3Fl., No. 46, Sec. 2, Jungshan N. Rd., Talpei, Talwan	Audit and consulting of construction plan, contract witness	30,000	30,000	3,960,000	60.00	60,109	30,206		Subsidiary
	Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	6Fl., No. 23, Sec. 1, Changan E. Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	Life insurance agency	1,500	1,500	3,600,000	60.00	247,869	309,842	186,892	Subsidiary
	Taishin International Finance Co., Ltd.	Room 1501, 15Fl., Tower II, Admiralty	Import and export of foreign exchange, trade financing, guarantee and acceptance	127,314	127,314	29,999,700	99.99	149,293	12,975	12,974	Subsidiary
	PayEasy Digital Integration Co., Ltd.	13FI., No. 11, Sec. 1, Jungshan N. Rd., Talpei, Taiwan	Investment and enterprise operating consultant, information software and data processing, advertising, international trade, agency and network services	34,000	34,000	3,400,000	66.67	60,424	40,079	26,719	Subsidiary
	Dah An Leasing Co., Ltd.	3Fl., No. 222, Sec. 2, Nanjing E. Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	Leasing and retailing of machinery, mobile, aircraft, marine and components	198,000	198,000	19,800,000	99.00	127,717	(4,376)	(4,333)	Subsidiary
	An Hsin Real- Estate Management Co., Ltd.	14Fl., No. 27, Sec. 1, Anhe Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	Construction consultation, real estate appraisement	15,000	15,000	2,100,000	30.00	25,874	11,999	3,624	Investee on which Taishin Bank has significant influence
	Taishin Venture Capital investment Co., Ltd.	10Fl., No. 48, Sec. 2, Jungshon N. Rd., Talpei, Taiwan	Investment	60,000	75,000	6,000,000	5.00	56,642	1,136	(3,358)	Investee on which Taishin Bank has significant influence
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	Taishin Non-Life Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	6Fl., No. 23, Sec. 1, Changan E. Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	Non-Life Insurance Agency	2,440	2,440	439,200	97.60	34,232	28,919	28,127	Subsidiary
	Taishin Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	6Fl., No. 23, Sec. 1, Changan E. Rd.,	Insurance brokers	2,000	2,000	200,000	100.00	4,439	3,506	3,506	Subsidiary
An Hsin Real- Estate Management Co., Ltd.	Riches Asset Management Service Company	10Fl., No. 97, Sec. 2, Tunhwa S. Rd., Taipei, Taiwan	Consumption on delinquent loans, evaluation, auction, and management	5,500	5,500	550,000	55.00	6,787	2,340	1,287	Subsidiary
	Jsaijin Advanced Optical Technology	2F, No. 2B, 54 Alley, Jangjam Rd, Sindian City Taipei Country, Taiwan.	Precise instrument wholesale, traffic sign construction	9000	9,000	900,000	25.00	6,000	(1,862)	(3,000)	Investee on which An Hsin Real-Estate Management Limited has significant influence
Taishin Venture Capital investment Co., Ltd.	Partner Co.	P.O. Box 967, Offshore Incorporations Centre, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Investment	76,201	76,201	4,620,000	30.93	76,201		-	Investee on which Taishin Venture Capital has significant influence
Taishin International Finance Co., Ltd.	T.S. Assets Management Limited	3rd Fl., Omer Hedge building, Wick Hams Cay1, P.O. Box 362, Road Town, Tortola, British Virgin Islands	Investment and asset management	-	93	10,000	100.00	93	3,408	-	Investee on which Taishin International Finance Co., has significant influence

Table 2 Capital lending to another party as of December 31, 2003:

(NT\$'000, except for percentages)

	la.	Lending	Domeston	Annual	Highest Balance	Ending	Interest	Nature	Amount of	Reason of			iteral	Lending	Total Limit
No.	Lending Company	Borrower	Account	of Current Period	Balance t	e internal	t Nature of Lending	of Transaction nding	Necessity of Lending	Provision	Name	Value	Amount	Amount of Lending	
	1	An Hsin Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	Jinjao Construction Development Co.	Other receivable	10,000	-	7.93%	Business	-	-	-				20% of net value of the Lending Company

Table 3 Investees' marketable securities held at December 31, 2003:

		7000111b01 01, 20	(N 1\$,000	, except for	percent	ages a	and sha	ares
		Issuer's		De	oember 3	1, 2003		
Owner	Type and Name of Marketable Security	Relationship to the Owner	Accounts Recorded	Shares (Units)	Carrying Value		Market Value	Note
Taishin Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	Stock - Common stock of Taishin Financial	Parent	Long-term investment	1,309,567	17,500	0.04	33,656	
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	Stock: Taishin Non-Life Insurance Agency Co., Ltd Chi-Long Technology Co., Ltd Taishin Insurance Broker Co., Ltd	Parent and subsidiary Parent and subsidiary	Long-term investment Long-term investment Long-term investment	439,200 950,000 200,000	34,232 9,500 4,439	97.60 5.00 100.00	-	
Dah An Leasing Co., Ltd.	Stock: Hann Star Display Century Development Pacific Security Yuan Tai Forex Bon-Li International Funds - Shin Kong Chi-Shin Fund		Short-term investment Long-term investment Long-term investment Long-term investment Long-term investment	1,509,000 7,206,059 926,368 600,000 125,000	22,560 52,407 14,927 6,000 1,250 15,000	0.04 3.03 0.22 5.00 1.50	20,462	
An Hsin Real-Estate Management Inc.	Stock: Riches Asset Management Service Company Jsaijin Advanced Optical Technology Bond Fund: Golden Asia Pacific TIIM E-Sun Hill Fuhwa Shin Kong Taiwan E-Sun New Century PCA Securities Investment Trust Bond fund	Parent and subsidiary Equity investee	Long-term investment Long-term investment Short-term investment Short-term investment Short-term investment Short-term investment Short-term investment Short-term investment Short-term investment	550,000 900,000 806,193 2,174,269 200,050 204,213 84,231 1,352,868 536,261	6,787 6,000 9,645 28,909 2,000 2,500 1,300 14,027 8,000	55.00 25.00 - - - - -	9,743 29,430 1,842 2,500 1,343 14,075 8,008	



Special Items of Record

I. Organization Chart of Taishin International Bank



II. Related 0	Companies				
Company	Captial				

					Business p	rofile(as of D	Dec.31,2003)	(NT\$1,000)
Company name	Captial Stock	Total Assets	Total Liablities	Net Worth	Operating Revenue	Operating Profit	Net Progits (after tax)	EPS (after tax)
Payeasy Technology Co., Ltd.	51,000	210,623	119,988	90,636	651,166	53,960	40,079	7.86
Taishin Insurance Agency Co., Ltd.	60,000	649,311	236,196	413,115	1,657,844	372,560	309,842	51.64
Taishin Non-life Insurance Agency Co., Ltd	4,500	91,292	56,218	35,074	136,512	38,281	28,919	64.26
Taishin Insurance Brokers Co., Ltd.	2,000	9,032	4,593	4,440	16,614	4,718	3,506	17.53
Dah An Leasing Co., Ltd.	200,000	129,088	80	129,008	10,024	-4,376	-4,376	-0.22
Tashin International Fiance Co., Ltd.	131,310	1,278,922	1,132,032	146,890	30,662	14,047	12,975	0.43
T.S. Asset Management Limited	93	105,472	101,971	3,501	3,478	3,408	3,408	340.8
Taishin Real-Estate Management Co., Ltd.	66,000	891,861	791,679	100,182	116,759	58,472	30,206	4.58

TWD/HKD =1:4.377 on December 31, 2003 TWD/USD =1:33.978 on December 31, 2003

III. Stock Dividend Policy and Status of Implementation

1. Stock Dividend Policy (Revision as approved by the Shareholders' Meeting on Apr. 18, 2002)

Principle Stock Dividend Policy

- A.Under the Bank's status of subordination to the Taishin Financial Holding Co. and with consideration to the principle of bringing the capital adequacy ratio to a reasonable level, to meet the needs of the mother company for operating capital, stock dividends and bonuses on preferred shares will be distributed in accordance with the conditions of their issuance, and stock dividends and bonuses issued to holders of common shares will, in principle, be issued to shareholders in the form of cash dividends, with the stock dividend policy that is adopted being designed to maintain stability and balance in the distribution of stock dividends and bonuses each year.
- B.Whenever there is concern about the Bank's capital adequacy ratio reaching a reasonable level, with the exception of stock dividends and bonuses for preferred shares, which will be distributed in accordance with the conditions of their issuance, the distributions of dividends and bonuses for common shares will, in principle, be divided evenly between cash and stock dividends; in consideration of the profit situation, status of funds, status of capital accumulation, and extent of stock dividend dilution, however, the Bank may adjust the stock dividend ratio to an appropriate degree, on condition that the extent of dilution of estimated after-tax earnings per share following the distribution of shares does not exceed 20%.
- C.When the capability of distributing earnings as stock dividends and bonuses on common shares for the current fiscal years exceeds the amount actually distributed for the previous fiscal year by 20% or more, and when the price level of the Bank's common shares for the current period shows no appreciable increase, then the Bank may retain the excess portion of the earnings for the purpose of balancing stock dividends in the next fiscal year.

2. Status of Implementation (Uncompensated Distribution of Shares):N/A

IV. Statement of Internal Controls

On behalf of the Taishin International Bank we affirm that during the period of Jan. 1, 2003 through Dec. 31, 2003 the Bank did in fact conform to the Implementation Regulations for Banks' Internal Control Systems and Auditing Systems in establishing a system of internal controls and implementing risk management, and that the Bank was audited by an unbiased and independent unit which submitted reports regularly to the Bank's directors and supervisors. Careful assessment reveals that the Bank's various units did in fact effectively implement internal controls and observe the relevant laws and regulations during this fiscal year.

This Statement is submitted to the Ministry of Finance.

Statement by

President D. S. Chief Auditor Aug Tey Wu

Conformance Executive Chinfa





Major Events in 2003

■ Mar. 25	Index-linked loans introduced.
■ Apr. 03	"Offset Interest-Free Home Loans" introduced.
■ Apr. 30	Shin Kong Mitsukoshi Platinum Card introduced to the market.
■ May 20	Super-value air travel service, unlimited class upgrades, inaugurated for Infinite Card holders.
■ May 21	Taishin Bank introduces pioneering revolving "Smart Loans" with automatic quota resumption.
June 09	Immediate "Five-Minute Issuance" instituted for You-be cash cards.
■ June 10	Exclusive women's credit card brand introduced: the Taishin Bank's Rose Card Upgrade to Platinum.
June 12	Taishin Bank introduces world's first "Verified by Visa" online cash advance application.
June 19	Taishin Bank pioneers introduction of three-year multi-currency (Austrian Dollar, New Zealand Dollar, euro) foreign currency- and stock price-linked package products.
June 25	Hong Kong Branch opens for business.
■ June 30	Chienchiao Flagship Wealth Management Center opens for business.
July 15	Preferential-interest credit-card loans carrying interest of 2.99% for first six months introduced.
July 23	Foreign-currency repurchase guaranteed principal structure deposits priced in US dollars inaugurated.
■ Aug. 26	Taishin Bank named as member of the American Express World Service Program by Amex Global Network Services for three consecutive years.

■ Sep. 15	The Bank's Art Card redesigned to provide more diversified consumer benefits and increase the anti-fraud safety identification function.
■ Sep. 23	Taiwan's first "Heavy Vehicle Loan" program introduced to provide heavy vehicle operators with made-to-order revolving-fund loans.
■ Oct. 17	Sungshou Mini Branch inaugurated.
■ Oct. 22	Lingya Wealth Management Flagship Center opens for business.
■ Nov. 10	Taishin Bank receives permission to join the International Swaps and Derivatives Association (ISDA).
■ Nov. 28	Number of valid Taishin Bank-issued credit cards in circulation breaks through 4 million mark.
■ Dec. 10	Taishin Bank and the Taiwan agent for Daimler Chrysler introduced the world's first Mercedes- Benz Platinum Card, providing Mercedes-Benz drivers with exclusive top-range services.
■ Dec. 31	Smart credit card introduced jointly with the Taiwan agent for Daimler Benz. Taoyuan Flagship Wealth Management Center opened for business.



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List of Branch **■**

List of Branch

Domestic Un	it	
■ Business Department	No.44, Sec. 2, Jhongshan N. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2568-3988
Trust Department	No.41, Sec. 1, Jhonghua Rd., Jhongjheng District, Taipei City 100, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2389-3456
■ International Department	No.17, Sec. 2, Jianguo N. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2505-6966
Offshore Banking Unit	No.17, Sec. 2, Jianguo N. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2505-6966
■ Yanping Branch	No.190, Sec. 2, Yanping N. Rd., Datong District, Taipei City 103, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2557-9155
■ Heping Branch	No.238, Sec. 1, Heping E. Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2368-5589
III Da-an Mini-Branch	No.118, Sec. 3, Sinyi Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2700-9388
M Dunnan Branch	No.243, Sec. 1, Dunhua S. Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2721-6789
■ Sinyi Branch	No.89, Leli Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2739-3988
■ Peishih Mini-Branch	No.347, Sec. 2, Heping E. Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2705-8588
■ Sinsheng Branch	No.62, Sec. 1, Sinsheng S. Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2395-2888
Jiancheng Branch	No.278, Nanjing W. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2555-3866
■ Dazhi Mini-Branch	No.645, Bei-an Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-8509-6858
■ Chengtung Branch	No.123, Sec. 2, Nanjing E. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2516-5766
Jianciao Branch	No.96, Sec. 1, Jianguo N. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2508-1899
III Jianpei Branch	No.17, Sec. 2, Jianguo N. Rd., Jhongshan District, Taipei City 104, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2505-6966
■ Nanmen Mini-Branch	No.55, Sec. 1, Nanchang Rd., Jhongjheng District, Taipei City 100, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2397-2588
Simen Branch	No.41, Sec. 1, Jhonghua Rd., Jhongjheng District, Taipei City 100, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2389-3456
■ Kuting Branch	No.28, Sec. 3, Roosevelt Rd., Jhongjheng District, Taipei City 100, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2364-6888
Tienmou Branch	No.56, Sec. 1, Jhongcheng Rd., Shihlin District, Taipei City 111, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2836-3988
■ North Tienmou Mini-Branch	No.20, Sec. 7, Jhongshan N. Rd., Shihlin District, Taipei City 111, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2877-1818
■ Neihu Branch	No.358, Sec. 1, Neihu Rd., Neihu District, Taipei City 114, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2659-9966
■ Jhongsiao Branch	No.280, Sec. 4, Jhongsiao E. Rd., Da-an District, Taipei City 106, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-6636-9999
III Taipei Branch	No.208,210, Sec. 3, Bade Rd., Songshan District, Taipei City 105, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2579-8989
■ Dunpei Branch	No.117, Sec. 3, Minsheng E. Rd., Songshan District, Taipei City 105, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2712-6666
■ Nantung Branch	No.289, Sec. 3, Nanjing E. Rd., Songshan District, Taipei City 105, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2546-1068
■ Minsheng Mini-Branch	No.510, Fujin St., Songshan District, Taipei City 105, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-8787-2680
■ Fusing Branch	No.150, Fusing N. Rd., Songshan District, Taipei City 105, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2713-7666
■ South Songshan Branch	No.92, Sec. 5, Nanjing E. Rd., Songshan District, Taipei City 105, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2528-6188
Songde Branch	No.493, Songshan Rd., Sinyi District, Taipei City 110, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2726-1688
Taipei 101 Mini-Branch	Room 503, 5F, No.45, Shihfu Rd., Sinyi District, Taipei City 110, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-8101-8686
■ Songshou Mini-Branch	B1F., No.11, Songshou Rd., Sinyi District, Taipei City 110, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2723-8333
Keelung Rd. Branch	No.55, Sec. 2, Keelung Rd., Sinyi District, Taipei City 110, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2735-2567
Sanhe Branch	No.183, Sec. 4, Sanhe Rd., Sanchong City, Taipei County 241, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2287-7979

Sanchong Branch	No.116, Jhengyi N. Rd., Sanchong City, Taipei County 241, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2983-6100
■ Jingping Branch	No.634-9, Jingping Rd., Jhonghe City, Taipei County 235, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2242-8989
■ Jhonghe Branch	No.341, Jhonghe Rd., Yonghe City, Taipei County 234, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2232-7788
■ Yonghe Branch	No.195, Jhulin Rd., Yonghe City, Taipei County 234, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-8923-0588
■ Sijhih Branch	No.135, Jhongsing Rd., Sijhih City, Taipei County 221, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2694-5133
■ Banciao Branch	No.176, Jhongjheng Rd., Banciao City, Taipei County 220, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2965-8888
■ Chiangtsui Branch	No.79, Alley 3, Lane 182, Sec. 2, Wunhua Rd., Banciao City, Taipei County 220, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-8252-9999
Bannan Branch	No.41 · 43, Guancian E. Rd., Banciao City, Taipei County 220, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2956-6789
■ Sioulang Branch	No.533, Jhongjheng Rd., Sindian City, Taipei County 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-8667-5533
■ Sindian Branch	No.114, Jianguo Rd., & No.66, Minzu Rd., Sindian City, Taipei County 231, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2915-7766
■ Jhongjhuang Branch	No.425, Jhongjheng Rd., Sinjhuang City, Taipei County 242, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2205-9688
Sinjhuang Branch	No.75, Sec. 2, Jhonghua Rd., Sinjhuang City, Taipei County 242, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2998-0888
M South Sinjhuang Mini-Branch	No.58, Fuguo Rd., Sinjhuang City, Taipei County 242, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2906-8868
■ Lujhou Branch	No.265, Minzu Rd., Lujhou City, Taipei County 247, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2848-5858
■ East Keelung Branch	No.133-1, Sin 1st Rd., Jhongjheng District, Keelung City 202, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-2-2424-9999
■ Taoyuan Branch	No.205, Fusing Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-339-6000
■ Sianfu Branch	No.116, Sianfu Rd., Taoyuan City, Taoyuan County 330, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-335-1955
■ Jhongli Branch	No.366, Yanping Rd., Jhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-427-2345
■ Nanli Branch	No.369, Jhongfong N. Rd., Jhongli City, Taoyuan County 320, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-427-3377
■ Longtan Branch	No.176, Jia-an Sec., Jhongjheng Rd., Longtan Township, Taoyuan County 325, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-499-3800
Hsinchu Industrial Park Branch	No.289, Sec. 2, Guangfu Rd., Hsinchu City 300, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-516-3123
■ Hsinchu Branch	No.83, Sec. 2, Dongda Rd., Hsinchu City 300, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-535-1899
■ Hsinko Branch	No.2, Jinshan St., Hsinchu City 300, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-563-3000
■ Jhubei Branch	No.193, Renyi Rd., Jhubei City, Hsinchu County 302, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-656-5690
■ West Taichung Branch	No.711, Dadun Rd., Nantun District, Taichung City 408, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2327-4567
Taichung Branch	No.308, Sec. 1, Taichung Port Rd., North District, Taichung City 404, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2328-5577
■ Wunsin Branch	No.447, Sec. 3, Wunsin Rd., Beitun District, Taichung City 407, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2294-6888
™ Mincyuan Branch	No.559, Mincyuan Rd., North District, Taichung City 404, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2205-1888
■ Fengchia Branch	No.258, Sec. 2, Henan Rd., Situn District, Taichung City 407, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2451-7890
Mantun Branch	No.187, Sec. 2, Dongsing Rd., Nantun District, Taichung City 408, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2471-4766
■ North Taichung	No.55, Sec. 2, Chongde Rd., Beitun District, Taichung City 406, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2232-6886
■ Dali Branch	No.127, Sec. 2, Jhongsing Rd., Dali City, Taichung County 412, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2483-4088
■ Daya Branch	No. 198, Sec. 2, Jhongcing Rd., Daya Township, Taichung County 428, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2565-2299
■ Taiping Branch	No.511, Yichang Rd., Taiping City, Taichung County 411, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2273-0588

List of Branch

Domestic Un	nit	
■ Fongyuan Branch	No.129, Yuanhuan S. Rd., Fongyuan City, Taichung County 420, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-2525-7999
Changhua Branch	No.273, Sec. 1, Jhongjheng Rd., Changhua City, Changhua County 500, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-4-722-7789
■ Fucheng Branch	1F., No.88, Jhongshan Rd., West Central District, Tainan City 700, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-228-4400
■ Yongfu Branch	No.150, Sec. 2, Yongfu Rd., West Central District, Tainan City 700, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-220-4622
Tainan Branch	No.389, Sec. 2, Simen Rd., West Central District, Tainan City 700, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-223-3383
Jinhua Branch	No.195, Sec. 2, Jinhua Rd., South District, Tainan City 702, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-263-9121
Haidian Branch	No.130, Sec. 1, Haidian Rd., Annan District, Tainan City 709, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-258-5015
Chongde Branch	No.260, Chongde Rd., East District, Tainan City 701, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-290-6901
Houchia Branch	No.660, Yunong Rd., East District, Tainan City 701, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-268-7412
Yongkang Branch	No.986, Jhonghua Rd., Yongkang City, Tainan County 710, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-6-242-5788
Chiayi Branch	No.620, Chueiyang Rd., Chiayi City 600, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-5-222-2818
Cisian Branch	No.249, Cisian 1st Rd., Sinsing District, Kaohsiung City 800, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-238-8545
Kaohsiung Branch	No.98, Jhonghua 3rd Rd., Sanmin District, Kaohsiung City 807, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-282-4300
Wufu Branch	No.116, Wufu 2nd Rd., Sinsing District, Kaohsiung City 800, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-216-8855
Linya Branch	No.260, Jhongshan 2nd Rd., Cianjhen District, Kaohsiung City 806, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	(07)537-5537
East Kaohsiung Branch	No.309,311, Jiansing Rd., Sanmin District, Kaohsiung City 807, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-380-1500
North Kaohsiung Branch	No.360, Bo-ai 2nd Rd., Zuoying District, Kaohsiung City 813, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-550-9900
Gangshan Branch	No.95, Weiren Rd., Gangshan Township, Kaohsiung County 820, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-621-9677
Fongshan Branch	No.105, Jhongshan W. Rd., Fongshan City, Kaohsiung County 830, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-719-9999
Wujia Branch	No.9, Wujia 3rd Rd., Fongshan City, Kaohsiung County 830, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-7-813-1168
Manping Branch	No.75-2,3, Ren-ai Rd., Pingtung City, Pingtung County 900, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-8-733-7575
Pingtung Branch	No.103, Guangdong Rd., Pingtung City, Pingtung County 900, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-8-721-7777
■ Hualien Branch	No.183, Jhongjheng Rd., Hualien City, Hualien County 970, Taiwan (R.O.C.)	886-3-834-5930

Overseas Unit				
■ Hong Kong Branch	15/Fl., Admiralty Centre, Tower II, 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong	852-22349009		

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