FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2004) (and ad March 31,2004)

PROFILE

The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd., is one of Japan's top regional banks and maintains the leading position in its home market of Fukuoka Prefecture and the greater Kyushu region in western Japan.

With a management philosophy of contributing to the development of its home market and taking an enterprising approach to offer clients superior-quality financial services, the Bank of Fukuoka is committed to being a bank that is well trusted and liked by the people in the communities it serves.

The Bank of Fukuoka is proud of its efforts to continually make major contributions to the further development of its home market economy and society by accurately addressing the increasingly diverse and sophisticated needs of clients.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Financial Section	1
Consolidated Balance Sheets	1
Consolidated Statements of Operations	2
Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity	3
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows	4
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	5
Report of Independent Auditors	14

Non-Consolidated Balance Sheets	15
Non-Consolidated Statements of Operations	
and Retained Earnings (Deficit)	16
Notes to Non-Consolidated Financial Statements .	17
Report of Independent Auditors	21
Company Data	22

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

March 31, 2004 and 2003 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and Its Consolidated Subsidiaries

	2004	2003	2004
_	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of U. S. dollars) (Note 2)
Assets		-	
Cash and due from banks (Note 16)	¥ 207,691	¥ 199,950	\$ 1,965
Call loans and bills bought	142,779	43,089	1,350
Receivables under securities borrowing transactions			
(Note 4)	29,394	=	278
Monetary receivables bought	56,755	8,946	536
Trading assets (Note 1(c))	1,542	7,665	14
Money held in trust (Note 3)	985	1,511	9
Securities (Notes 1(d), 4, 8 and 13)	1,350,126	1,363,022	12,774
Loans and bills discounted (Notes 5 and 8)	5,051,355	5,175,690	47,794
Foreign exchange assets (Note 6)	3,465	2,461	32
Other assets (Note 8)	74,786	65,825	707
Premises and equipment (Notes 7 and 8)	143,376	145,997	1,356
Deferred tax assets (Note 14)	35,605	64,518	336
Excess of net assets acquired over cost (Note 1(b))	33,003	38	_
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees	-	30	-
•	02.200	07 700	770
(Note 12)	82,299	97,788	778
Reserve for possible loan losses (Note 1(g))	(101,244)	(181,211)	(957)
Total assets	¥ 7,078,919	¥ 6,995,294	\$ 66,978
Liabilities , minority interests and stockholders' equity			
Liabilities Denosite (Note 9)	V / 2/2 /E7	V / 1F2 040	¢ 50.274
Deposits (Note 8)	¥ 6,263,657	¥ 6,153,040	\$ 59,264
Call money and bills sold (Note 8)	2,642	54,810	24
Payables under securities lending transactions (Note 8)	117,093	116,779	1,107
Trading liabilities (Note 1(c))	430	164	4
Borrowed money (Note 9)	74,088	75,063	700
Foreign exchange liabilities (Note 6)	261	224	2
Bonds payable (Note 10)	21,138	24,040	200
Bonds with stock subscription rights (Note 10)	47,410	47,417	448
Other liabilities	86,590	69,476	819
Reserve for employee retirement benefits (Note 11)	1,029	1,019	9
Deferred tax liabilities on land revaluation (Notes 7 and 14)	38,190	38,293	361
Excess of net assets acquired over cost (Note 1(b))	55	-	0
Acceptances and guarantees (Note 12)	82,299	97,788	778
Total liabilities	6,734,886	6,678,117	63,723
Minority interests	2,078	2,202	19
Stockholders' equity			
Common stock	58,662	58,658	555
Capital surplus	36,917	36,913	349
Retained earnings	145,549	128,732	1,377
Land revaluation account (Notes 7)	55,900	56,051	528
Unrealized gains of securities (Note 13)	45,586	35,220	431
Less treasury stock	(662)	(602)	(6)
Total stockholders' equity	341,953	314,974	3,235
Total liabilities , minority interests			
and total stockholders' equity	¥ 7,078,919	¥ 6,995,294	\$ 66,978

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

Years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and Its Consolidated Subsidiaries

	2004	2003	2004
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of U. S. dollars) (Note 2)
Income			
Income from funds under management:			
Interest on loans and bills discounted	¥ 95,477	¥ 98,596	\$ 903
Interest and dividends on securities	26,646	29,454	252
Interest on call loans and bills bought	30	86	0
Interest on receivables under securities			
borrowing transactions	0	-	0
Interest on due from banks	3	21	0
Interest on others	1,709	1,410	16
Trust fees	2	2	0
Fees and commissions	27,029	24,078	255
Trading income	512	144	4
Other operating income	6,243	6,217	59
Other income	6,760	6,180	63
Total income	164,416	166,191	1,555
Expenses			
Cost of fund-raising:			
Interest on deposits	2,541	3,968	24
Interest on call money and bills sold	67	534	0
Interest on payables under securities			
lending transactions	1,898	1,539	17
Interest on borrowed money	1,916	1,742	18
Interest on bonds payable	1,369	1,491	12
Interest on bonds with stock subscription rights	521	521	4
Interest on others	10,824	12,630	102
Fees and commissions	7,675	6,257	72
Other operating expenses	413	1,261	3
General and administrative expenses	76,146	78,642	720
Other expenses	18,742	40,825	177
Total expenses	122,119	149,414	1,155
Income before income taxes and minority interests	42,297	16,777	400
Provision for income taxes: (Note 14)			
Current	629	681	5
Deferred	21,712	8,102	205
-	22,341	8,783	211
Minority interests	67	302	0
Net income (Note 15)	¥ 19,888	¥ 7,691	\$ 188

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and Its Consolidated Subsidiaries

	2004	2003	2004
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of U. S. dollars) (Note 2)
Capital surplus			
Balance at beginning of year	¥ 36,913	¥ 36,913	\$ 349
Increase of capital surplus	3	-	0
Balance at end of year	¥ 36,917	¥ 36,913	\$ 349
Retained earnings			
Balance at beginning of year	¥ 128,732	¥ 123,830	\$ 1,218
Net income	19,888	7,691	188
Transfer from land revaluation account	151	428	1
Change of the scope of consolidation	-	2	-
Cash dividends paid	(3,163)	(3,164)	(29)
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	(40)	(50)	(0)
Losses on disposition of treasury stock	(0)	-	(0)
Change of the scope of consolidation	(18)	(5)	(0)
Balance at end of year	¥ 145,549	¥ 128,732	\$ 1,377

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and Its Consolidated Subsidiaries

	2004	2003	2004
_	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of U. S. dollars) (Note 2)
Cash flows from operating activities:		_	
Income before income taxes and minority interests	¥ 42,297	¥ 16,777	\$ 400
Depreciation of premises and equipment	4,983	4,814	47
	· ·	·	0
Depreciation of excess of net assets acquired over cost	27	11	U
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(70.0(7)	0	-
Net change in reserve for possible loan losses	(79,967)	(49,821)	(756)
Net change in reserve for employee retirement benefits	10	(88)	0
Interest income	(123,868)	(129,569)	(1,171)
Interest expenses	19,140	22,427	181
Net (gain) loss related to securities transactions	5,843	15,756	55
Net (income) loss from money held in trust	(16)	(11)	(0)
Net exchange (gain) loss	(2,817)	(1,308)	(26)
Net (gain) loss from disposition of premises			
and equipment	1,047	625	9
Net change in trading assets	6,123	30,952	57
Net change in trading liabilities	265	164	2
Net change in loans and bills discounted	124,335	(324,928)	1,176
Net change in deposits	166,184	101,923	1
		•	1,572 (526)
Net change in negotiable certificates of deposit	(55,639)	85,558	(526)
Net change in borrowed money	()	(4.000)	(5)
(excluding subordinated borrowed money)	(975)	(1,009)	(9)
Net change in deposits with banks	1,372	68,418	12
Net change in call loans	(147,499)	117,679	(1,395)
Net change in receivables under securities			
borrowing transactions	(29,394)	-	(278)
Net change in call money	(52,167)	6,399	(493)
Net change in payables under securities	` ' '		` ′
lending transactions	314	48,103	2
Net change in foreign exchange assets	(1,003)	532	(9)
Net change in foreign exchange liabilities	37	(18)	0
Interest received	124,962	133,243	1,182
Interest paid	(20,359)	(23,316)	(192)
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	(40)	(50)	(0)
Other, net	5,561	(4,571)	52
Subtotal	(11,242)	118,695	(106)
Income taxes (paid) refund	(738)	1,811	(6)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(11,980)	120,506	(113)
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Payments for purchases of securities	(751,457)	(466,049)	(7,110)
Payments for purchases of stocks of subsidiaries	(75)	-	(0)
Proceeds from sale of securities	214,300	143,334	2,027
Proceeds from redemption of securities	561,741	184,899	5,314
Proceeds from decrease in money held in trust	543	301	5
Payments for purchases of premises and equipment	(1,025)	(2,620)	(9)
Proceeds from sale of premises and equipment	368	799	3
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	24,395	(139,335)	230
Cash flows from financing activities		(107/000)	
Proceeds from issuance of subordinated			
		21,000	
borrowed money	(2.142)		(20)
Dividends paid	(3,162)	(3,161)	(29)
Dividends paid for minority	(2)	(3)	(0)
Payments for purchase of treasury stock	(54)	(126)	(0)
Proceed from sale of treasury stock	2	-	0 (20)
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(3,217)	17,708	(30)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash			
and cash equivalents	(84)	(68)	(0)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	9,112	(1,189)	86
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	198,019	199,208	1,873
	¥ 207,132	¥ 198,019	\$ 1,959

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Years ended March 31, 2004 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and Its Consolidated Subsidiaries

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. ("the Bank") and consolidated subsidiaries are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Bank as required under the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan.

Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

As permitted by the Securities and Exchange Law, amounts of less than one million yen have been omitted. As a result, the totals shown in the accompanying consolidated financial statements (both in yen and U.S. dollars) do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual amounts.

b. Principles of Consolidation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Bank and all companies controlled directly or indirectly by the Bank. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

The Bank does not have any companies over which the Bank exercise significant influence in terms of their operating and financial policies.

Differences between the cost and the underlying net equity at fair value of investments in subsidiaries at the date of acquisition is amortized over a period of 5 years on a straight-line basis.

c. Trading Assets and Liabilities

Trading account transactions are the transactions in which profit opportunities arise from the differences between different markets and short-term movements in rates and other indices, including interest rates, currency exchange rates, and dealing in marketable securities. These transactions are included in the consolidated financial statements as of the respective trading dates.

"Trading assets" and "Trading liabilities" are valued as follows: securities and monetary assets are valued at market price at the balance sheet date; swaps, futures, options and other derivative transactions are valued on the assumption that they were settled at the balance sheet date.

The gains and losses on specific transactions are recorded by adding or deducting differences between valuation gains or losses at the previous balance sheet date and those at the current balance sheet date to the interest earned or paid in the current year for securities, monetary assets, etc. With respect to derivatives, the differences between the gains and losses from assumed settlement at the previous balance sheet date and those at the current balance sheet date are added to or deducted from

the interest earned or paid in the current year.

d. Securities

Held-to-maturity debt securities are stated at cost or amortized cost (straight-line method).

Other securities whose market value are available are stated at the market value at the fiscal year end (cost of securities sold is calculated using the moving average method), and other non-marketable securities are stated at cost or amortized cost computed by moving-average method.

Unrealized gains and losses on other securities are included in stockholders' equity, net of income taxes.

Securities included in Money held in Trust are stated at the market value.

e. Derivative transactions

Derivatives for purposes other than trading are stated at market value.

f. Premises and Equipment

Depreciation for buildings and equipment of the Bank is computed using the declining-balance method at rates principally based on the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	3 years to 50 years
Equipment and furniture	2 years to 20 years

The subsidiaries primarily use the same method.

Costs of computer software developed or obtained for internal use are capitalized and amortized using the straight-line method for the estimated useful lives of 5 years.

g. Reserve for possible loan losses

The Reserve for Possible Loan Losses is maintained in accordance with internally established standards for write-offs and provisions:

- For credits extended to obligors that are legally bankrupt under the Bankruptcy Law, Special Liquidation in the Commercial Law or other similar laws ("Bankrupt Obligors"), and to obligors that are effectively in similar conditions ("Substantially Bankrupt Obligors"), reserves are maintained at 100% of amounts of claims, net of expected amounts from the disposal of collateral and/or the amounts recoverable under guarantees.
- · For credits extended to obligors that are not yet legally or formally bankrupt but who are substantially bankrupt, reserves are maintained at the amount deemed necessary based on overall solvency analyses, on the amount of claims less expected amounts recoverable from the disposal of collateral and/or the amounts recoverable under guarantees.
- · For credit extended or obligors that are not yet legally or formally bankrupt but who are substantially bankrupt or the obligors whose credit terms are rescheduled or reconditioned and exceed the certain threshold, the Discounted Cash Flow Method are applied if cash flows on repayment of principals and collection of interest of the loan can be reasonably estimated. Discounted Cash Flow Method (the DCF Method) requires that the difference between the cash flows discounted by the original interest rate and the carrying value of the loan be provided as a reserve for possible loan losses.
- · For credits extended to other obligors, reserves are maintained at rates derived from default experiences for a certain period in the past, etc.
- · Reserves for Possible Losses on Loans to Restructuring Countries are maintained in order to cover possible losses based on the analyses of political and economic climates of the

All credits are assessed by each credit origination department, and the results of the assessments are verified and examined by the independent examination department. Reserves for Possible Losses on Loans are provided for on the basis of such verified assessments

Reserve for loan losses in the consolidated subsidiaries are provided by the actual write off ratio, etc.

h. Reserve for employee retirement benefits

Reserve for employee retirement benefits, which is provided for the future pension payment to employees, is recorded at the amount accrued at the end of the fiscal year, based on the projected benefit obligation and the estimated pension plan asset amounts at the end of the current fiscal year. Prior service liabilities and actuarial gains or losses are amortized mainly as follows:

Prior service liabilities are charged to operations as incurred.

· Actuarial gains or losses are recognized as income or expenses from the following fiscal year under the straight-line method over the average remaining service period of the current employees (10

On August 1, 2003, according to the enactment of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan Law, the Bank obtained an approval of exemption from the substitutional portion of its future pension obligations by the Minister of Health, Labor and Welfare. The Bank recognized extinguishment of benefit obligation and plan assets as of the date of approval in accordance with a transitional measurement prescribed in Article 47-2 of the Accounting Committee Report No.13, "Practical Guidelines for Accounting for Retirement Benefits (Interim Report)" issued by the JICPA on September 14, 1999.

As a result, special gains of ¥2,524 million were recorded in that fiscal year.

The substitutional portion of the plan assets which will be transferred to the government in the subsequent year measured at the fiscal year-end was ¥18,433 million.

i. Translation of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Japanese yen at the exchange rates prevailing at the balance sheet dates.

In the previous fiscal year, the Bank adopted the transitional treatments prescribed in the Industry Audit Committee Report No.25, "Treatment of Accounting and Auditing Concerning Accounting for Foreign Currency Transactions in the Banking Industry" issued by the JICPA on July 29, 2002.

But, in the current fiscal year, currency swap transactions and foreign exchange swap transactions for the purpose of funds borrowing / lending in different currencies applied hedge accounting in accordance with the standard treatments of the Industry Audit Committee Report No.25. Summary of the hedge accounting is described in (9).

In the previous fiscal year, the currency swap transactions and foreign currency swap transactions which had been accounted for on an accrual basis, but such swap transactions are stated at market value and net assets and liabilities are recorded on the balance sheet. As a result, "Other assets" and "Other liabilities" increased by ¥3,766 million, respectively. This change had no effects on the results of operations.

The translation adjustments of forward exchange transactions and other relevant transactions were reported as other in "Other assets" or other in "Other liabilities" on a net basis. In the current fiscal year, they are reported as derivative financial instruments in "Other assets" and "Other liabilities" on a gross basis in accordance with the standard treatments of the Report No. 25. As a result, "Other assets" increased by ¥1,551 million and "Other liabilities" increased by ¥1,551 million.

j. Leases

Non cancelable lease transactions are accounted for as operating leases (whether such leases are classified as operating leases or finance leases), except that lease agreements which stipulate the transfer of ownership of the leased assets to the lessee are accounted for as finance leases.

k. Hedge accounting

1) Hedge accounting for interest rate risks

As for the hedge accounting method applied to hedging transactions for interest rate risk arising from financial assets and liabilities, the Bank applies deferred hedge accounting.

In the previous year, the Bank applied the temporary treatment stipulated in the "Treatment for Accounting and Auditing of Application of Accounting Standard for Financial Instruments in Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24) to the "macro hedge," which is management of interest rate risk arising from huge transactions in loans, deposits and other interest-earning assets and interest-bearing liabilities as a whole using derivatives. From this term, the Bank applies the full treatment of JICPA Industry Audit Committee Report No. 24 assesses the effectiveness of such hedge for offsetting changes in interest rate, by classifying the hedge items (such as deposits and loans) and the hedging instruments (such as interest rate swaps) by their maturity the Bank assesses the effectiveness of such hedges for fixing cash flows by verifying the correlation between the hedged items and the hedging instruments.

The deferred hedge losses and gains on macro hedge are allocated to "Interest expenses" for 3 year period from this term according their average remaining term.

Gross amounts of deferred hedge losses are ¥14,835 million.

2 Hedge accounting for interest rate risks

As for the hedge accounting method applied to hedging transactions for exchange rate risk arising from foreign-currency-denominated financial assets and liabilities, the Bank applies deferred hedge accounting.

In the previous fiscal year, the Bank adopted the transitional treatments prescribed in the Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25.

But, in the current fiscal year, currency swap transactions and foreign exchanges swap transactions for the purpose of funds borrowing / lending in different currencies applied hedge accounting in accordance with standard treatments of the Industry Audit Committee Report No. 25.

The Bank treats currency swap transactions and foreign exchange swap transactions for the purpose of hedge to foreign exchange risks arising from foreign-currency-denominated financial assets and liabilities as hedge instruments, and the Bank tested the hedge effectiveness by confirming foreign-currency-position as hedge instruments which corresponds to foreign-currency-denominated financial assets and liabilities as hedge

items.

Deferred hedges based on one-to-one hedges are applied to certain assets and liabilities of the Bank.

The net amount of profit/loss or revaluation differences resulting from the hedge method is booked as a deferred hedge loss in other assets. The total amount of aforementioned deferred hedge loss before netting was ¥15,187 million and the total amount of deferred hedge profits was ¥391 million.

L. Income taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the differences between financial reporting and the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and are measured using the enacted tax rates and laws which will be in effect when the differences are expected to reverse.

M. Appropriation of retained earnings

Under the Commercial Code of Japan, the appropriation of retained earnings with respect to a given financial period is made by resolution of the stockholders at a general meeting held subsequent to the close of such financial period. The accounts for that period do not, therefore, reflect such appropriations. See Note 21.

N. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and deposits with the central bank which are included in "Cash and due from banks" in the consolidated balance sheets.

2. U.S. Dollar Amounts

Amounts in U.S. dollars are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan. The rate of \$105.69 = U.S.\$1, the approximate rate of exchange on March 31, 2004, has been used in translation. The inclusion of such amounts is not intended to imply that Japanese yen have been or could be readily converted, realized or settled in U.S. dollars at that rate or any other rate.

3. Money Held in Trust

Money held in trust included realized loss amounting to ± 16 million and ± 0 million for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

4. Securities Securities at March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows: (Millions of yen) 2004 2003 National government bonds 462,148 503.194 Local government bonds 75,269 63.205 Corporate bonds 320,754 329,411 Equity securities 103,487 77,296 Other securities 388,467 389,914 Total ¥ 1,350,126 ¥ 1,363,022

Information regarding marketable securities classified as other securities at March 31, 2004 is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)	
	Acquisition cost	Carrying value	Net unrealized gain
Listed securities:			
Stock	¥ 44,706	¥ 94,042	¥ 49,335
Bonds	833,424	836,012	2,588
Others	359,707	384,503	24,795
Total	¥ 1,237,839	¥ 1,314,558	¥ 76,719

Sales of securities classified as other securities amounted to ¥205,887 million with aggregate gain and loss of ¥1,835 million and ¥1,140 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2004.

The redemption schedule for securities with maturity dates classified as other securities at March 31, 2004 is summarized as

			(Millions of yen)	
	1 year or less	More than 1 year but less than 5 years	More than 5 years but less than 10 years	More than 10 years
Bonds	¥ 208,919	¥ 446,867	¥ 83,172	¥ 119,213
Others	25,105	196,702	146,733	10,191
Total	¥ 234,024	¥ 643,569	¥ 229,905	¥ 129,405

Information regarding marketable securities classified as other securities at March 31, 2003 is as follows:

		(Millions of yen)	
	Acquisition cost	Carrying value	Net unrealized gain
Listed securities:			
Stock	¥ 50,473	¥ 69,278	¥ 18,804
Bonds	875,226	884,702	9,475
Others	358,840	389,796	30,956
Total	¥1,284,540	¥1,343,777	¥ 59,236

Sales of securities classified as other securities amounted to ¥140,270 million with aggregate gain and loss of ¥1,353 million and ¥1,328 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2003.

The redemption schedule for securities with maturity dates classified as other securities at March 31, 2003 is summarized as follows:

			(Millions of yen)	
	1 year or less	More than 1 year but less than 5 years	More than 5 years but less than 10 years	More than 10 years
Bonds	¥ 211,712	¥ 542,545	¥ 61,542	¥ 80,011
Others	18,300	209,338	149,641	8,699
Total	¥ 230,012	¥ 751,883	¥ 211,183	¥ 88,711

As for the securities borrowing transaction, etc, that are permitted to sell or pledge without restrictions, ¥29,516 million of securities are held in hand as to the consolidated balance sheet date.

5. Loans and Bills Discounted

Loans and bills discounted at March 31, 2004 and 2003 included the following loans:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Loans to borrowers in bankruptcy	¥ 10,828	¥ 38,321
Delinquent loans	115,036	195,992
Loans past due for three months or more	680	64
Restructured loans	73,761	108,062
Total	¥ 200,307	¥ 342,440

Loans are generally placed on nonaccrual status when the ultimate collectibility of either the principal or interest becomes doubtful because payments have been in arrears for a certain period of time or due to other reasons. Loans to borrowers in bankruptcy represent nonaccrual loans to borrowers in legal bankruptcy as defined in the Corporation Tax Law. Delinquent loans represent nonaccrual loans other than loans to borrowers in bankruptcy and restructured loans.

Loans past due for three months or more represent loans on which payments of principal or interest have been in arrears for three months or more, but do not meet the criteria for loans to borrowers in bankruptcy and delinquent loans.

Restructured loans are loans which have been restructured to support the rehabilitation of certain borrowers who are encountering financial difficulties, with the intention of ensuring recovery of the loans by providing easier repayment terms for the borrowers (such as by reducing the rate of interest or by providing a grace period for the payment of principal/interest, etc.), and are not classified in any of the above categories.

Notes discounted are recorded as cash lending / borrowing transactions in accordance with "Accounting and auditing treatments of the Application of Accounting Standards for Financial Instruments in the Banking Industry" (JICPA Industry Audit Committee, Report No. 24). The Bank has a right to sell or collateralize such bills at the discretion of the Bank.

Total face value of commercial bills and bills of exchange acquired through discounting amounted to ¥87,413 million and ¥99,882 million at March 31,2004 and 2003, respectively.

Line-of-credit agreements relating to overdrafts and loans are

agreements which oblige the Bank to lend funds up to a certain limit agreed in advance. The Bank makes the loan upon the request of an obligor to draw down funds under such a loan agreement as long as there is no breach of the various terms and conditions stipulated in the relevant loan agreement. The unused line-of-credit balance relating to these overdrafts and loan agreements at Mach 31, 2004 and 2003 amounted to ¥1,714,545 million and ¥1,678,518 million, respectively. The amount related to overdrafts and loans with a term of one year or less or overdrafts and loans which permit unconditional cancellation at any time was ¥1,711,254 million at March 31, 2004.

As many of these contracts expire undrawn, the aggregate total of the undrawn amount does not necessarily affect the future cash flows of the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries. Many of these contracts have stipulations that allow the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries to turn down a loan request or reduce the amounts of the credit line if there is a change in financial conditions, a need to establish increased securities, or other similar reasons. In addition to obtaining necessary collateral (real estates, securities, etc.) at the time the commitment contract is entered into, the Bank and its consolidated subsidiaries assess the condition of the customer's business operations, and analyze other information, based on internal procedures and standards. If necessary, the contract is reviewed and revised, or additional steps are taken to secure the credit extended to the customer.

6. Foreign Exchange Assets and Liabilities

Foreign exchange assets and liabilities at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the followings:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Assets		
Due from foreign banks	¥ 1,020	¥ 668
Foreign exchange bills bought	419	221
Foreign exchange bills receivable	2,025	1,572
Total	¥ 3,465	¥ 2,461
Liabilities		
Due to foreign banks	¥ -	¥ -
Foreign exchange bills sold	237	209
Foreign exchange bills payable	24	14
Total	¥ 261	¥ 224

7. Premises and Equipment

Land utilized for the Bank's business activities was revalued at March 31, 1998 on the basis prescribed in the Law Concerning the Revaluation of Land. The income tax effect on the difference between the book value and the revalued amount has been presented under liabilities as "Deferred tax liabilities on land valuation account" and the remaining balance has been presented under stockholders' equity as "Land revaluation account" in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

8. Pledged Assets

Assets pledged as collateral at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the follows:

	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003	
Assets pledged as collateral			
Securities	¥ 315,413	¥ 341,408	
Loans and bills discounted	304,155	234,900	
Liabilities corresponding to assets pledged as collateral			
Deposits	29,849	32,612	
Payables under securities lending			
transactions	117,093	116,779	
Bills sold	-	20,000	

In addition, securities totaling ¥227,472 million and ¥234,650 million were pledged as collateral for settlement of exchange and other or as variation margin at March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Premises and equipment included ¥2,000 million of guarantee money and deposits. Other assets included ¥12 million of deposit for clearing house.

9. Borrowed money

Borrowed money at March 31, 2004 and 2003 included subordinated borrowings amounting to ¥64,000 million and ¥64,000 million, respectively.

10. Bonds payable and convertible bonds

Bonds payable at March 31, 2004 and 2003 represented unsecured 6.275% bonds, payable in U.S. dollars, due 2004.

Convertible bonds at March 31, 2004 and 2003 represented unsecured 1.1% subordinated convertible bonds, payable in yen, due 2007, which, unless previously redeemed, are convertible at any time up to and including September 28, 2007 into shares of common stock of the Bank at the option of the holders at a conversion price of ¥449 per share at March 31, 2004. Under the provisions of the issue, the conversion price is subject to adjustments in certain cases which include stock

11. Retirement benefit plans

The Bank and subsidiaries have defined benefit plans, i.e., welfare pension fund plans and lump-sum payment plans, covering substantially all employees who are entitled to lump-sum or annuity payments, the amounts of which are determined by reference to their basic rates of pay, length of service, and the conditions under which termination occurs.

On August 1, 2003, according to the enactment of the Defined Benefit Pension Plan Law, the Bank obtained an approval of exemption from the substitutional portion of its future pension obligations by the Minister of Health, Labor and Welfare.

The following table sets forth the funded and accrued status of the plans, and the amounts recognized in the consolidated balance sheets as of March 31, 2004 and 2003 for the Bankís and the subsidiariesí defined benefit plans:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Project benefit obligation	¥(67,384)	¥(96,975)
Fair value of plan assets	63,019	66,490
(Retirement benefit trust included above)	32,130	23,886
Projected benefit obligation in excess of		
plan assets	(4,365)	(30,484)
Unrecognized net actuarial differences	6,977	31,325
Unrecognized prior service cost	(1,117)	(1,860)
Net liability recognized	1,494	(1,019)
(Prepaid pension cost)	2,524	-
(Reserve for employees' retirement benefits)	¥ (1,029)	¥ (1,019)

The government-sponsored portion of the benefits under the welfare pension fund plans was included in the amounts shown in the above table as of March 31,2003.

The Bank recognized extinguishment of benefit obligation and plan assets as of the date of approval in accordance with a transitional measurement prescribed in Article 47-2 of the Accounting Committee Report No.13, "Practical Guidelines for Accounting for Retirement Benefits (Interim Report)" issued by the JICPA on September 14, 1999.

The components of retirement benefit cost for the year ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 are outlined as follows:

	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003	
Service cost	¥ 2,396	¥ 2,831	
Interest cost	1,918	2,386	
Expected return on plan assets	(1,964)	(2,697)	
Expense for prior service cost	(742)	(1,466)	
Expense for net actuarial loss	2,689	2,211	
Retirement benefit expenses	4,297	3,264	
Gains from transfer of the substitutional			
portion of future pension obligations	(2,524)	-	
Retirement benefit expenses	¥ 1,773	¥ 3,264	

The assumptions used in the accounting for the above plans were as follows:

	2004	2003
(a) Discount rate:	2.5%	2.5%
(b) Expected return on plan assets	3.5%	3.5%
(c) Allocation basis of expect retirement	Fixed	Fixed
benefits	Charged to	Charged to
(d) Amortization basis of unrecognized	operations	operations
prior service cost	as incurred	as incurred
(e) Amortization term of unrecognized net		
actuarial loss	10 years	10 years

12. Acceptances and Guarantees

All contingent liabilities arising from acceptances and guarantees are included in this account. As a contra account, "Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees" is shown on the assets side, which represents the Bank's right of indemnity from the applicants.

13. Net unrealized gains on securities

Net unrealized gains on securities at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the followings:

	(Millions of yen)			
		2004		2003
Gross unrealized gains on securities classified				
as other securities	¥	76,719	¥	59,236
Deferred tax liabilities applicable to unrealized gains		31,139		24,042
Unrealized gains on securities, net of the applicable				
income taxes before adjustment for minority interes	ts	45,579		35,193
Minority interests		(6)		(26)
Net unrealized gains on securities classified				
as other securities	¥	45,586	¥	35,220

14. Income Taxes

Income taxes applicable to the Bank and subsidiaries comprise corporation, enterprise and inhabitants' taxes, which, in the aggregate, resulted in statutory tax rates of 41.8 percent for 2004 and 2003.

The significant components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)		
-	2004	2003	
Deferred tax assets:			
Reserve for possible loan losses	¥ 33,683	¥ 64,586	
Reserve for employees retirement			
benefits	27,307	13,231	
Loss carry forward for tax purposes	12,973	13,189	
Depreciation of securities	2,384	3,813	
Depreciation expenses	1,611	1,691	
Other	2,959	2,023	
Subtotal	80,920	98,535	
Valuation allowance	(4,362)	-	
Total	76,558	98,535	
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Unrealized gain on securities	31,139	24,042	
Retirement benefit trust	9,223	8,532	
Reserve for special depreciation	537	537	
Other	53	905	
Net deferred tax assets	¥ 40,952	¥ 64,518	

The effective tax rates reflected in the consolidated statements of income for the year ended March 31, 2004 differ from the statutory tax rate for the following reasons:

Statutory tax rate	40.6%
Adjustments:	
Expenses permanently not deductible for income	
ax purpose	0.3%
Dividend income deductible for income tax purpose	(0.6%)
Unscheduled temporary differences	10.3%
Decrease in deferred tax assets by changing of tax rate	2.0%
Other, net	0.2%
Effective tax rate	52.8%

15. Net Income per Share

Net income per share for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 was as follows:

	(yen)	(yen)	
	2004	2003	
Net income per share:			
Basic	¥ 31.33	¥ 12.07	
Diluted	27.65	11.07	

Basic income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year.

Diluted net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding each year after giving effect to the diluted potential of common shares to be issued upon the convertible bonds.

16. Supplementary Cash Flow Information

a) Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents

The reconciliation of cash and due from banks in the consolidated balance sheets to cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows at March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003	
Cash and due from banks	¥ 207,691	¥ 199,950	
Interest-earning deposits with			
other banks	(558)	(1,931)	
Cash and cash equivalents	¥ 207,132	¥ 198,019	

17. Leases

a) Lessees' Accounting

The following pro forma amounts represent the acquisition costs, accumulated depreciation and net book value of leased assets as of March 31, 2004 and 2003, which would have been reflected in the consolidated balance sheets if finance lease accounting had been applied to the finance lease transactions currently accounted for as operating leases:

	(Millions	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003		
Equipment:				
Acquisition costs	¥ 12,523	¥ 11,441		
Accumulated depreciation	5,273	5,271		
Net book value	¥ 7,249	¥ 6,169		

Lease payments relating to finance lease transactions accounted for as operating leases amounted to ¥2,237 million and ¥3,174 million for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The depreciation expense of the leased assets computed by the straight-line method over the respective lease terms and the interest expense portion included in the lease payments amounted to ¥2,037 million and ¥125 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2004, and ¥2,819 million and ¥271 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2003.

Future minimum lease payments subsequent to March 31, 2004 for finance lease transactions accounted for as operating leases are summarized as follows:

Year ending March 31,	(Millions of yen)	
2005	¥ 2,112	
2006 and thereafter	5,433	
Total	¥ 7545	

18. Derivative transaction

The Bank has entered into various derivative transactions in order to manage certain risks arising from adverse fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and debt security prices.

Information regarding the derivative transactions outstanding at March 31, 2004 is as follows:

Interest-related transactions

	(Millions of yen)			
As of Mar. 31, 2004	Notional amount	Fair value	Unrealized gain (loss)	
Interest rate swaps	¥ 41,010	¥ 193	¥ 183	
Receive/fixed and pay/floating	20,505	188	166	
Receive/floating and pay/fixed	20,505	4	16	
Others	38,320	0	114	
Sell	19,010	(250)	62	
Buy	19,310	250	51	
Total	-	¥ 193	¥ 297	

	(Millions of yen)			
As of Mar. 31, 2003	Notional amount	Fair value	Unrealized gain (loss)	
Interest rate swaps	¥ 4,600	¥ 31	¥ 30	
Receive/fixed and pay/floating	2,300	43	42	
Receive/floating and pay/fixed	2,300	(12)	(11)	
Other	18,980	-	63	
Sell	9,490	45	110	
Buy	9,490	45	(46)	
Total	-	¥ 31	¥ 94	

Note: The derivative transactions accounted for as hedges have been excluded from the above table.

Currency-related transactions

	(Millions of yen)			
As of Mar. 31, 2004	Notional amount	Fair value	Unrealized gain (loss)	
Currency Swap	¥ 44,001	¥ 134	¥ 132	
Foreign exchange contract	46,224	405	405	
Sell	23,644	1,870	1,870	
Buy	22,580	(1,465)	(1,465)	
Currency options	128	(0)	(0)	
Sell	-	-	-	
Buy	128	(0)	(0)	
Total	-	¥ 539	¥ 537	

Note: The derivative transactions accounted for as hedges have been excluded from the above table.

Forward exchange contracts to sell and buy foreign currencies, which were accounted for at market value at the balance sheet date, amounted to ¥38,254 million at March 31, 2003.

19. Segment Information

(a) Business Segment Information

The Bank's operation includes guarantee and credit card business in addition to banking business. As such operations are immaterial, separate segment information are not disclosed.

(b) Geographic Segment Information

The disclosure of geographical segment information has been omitted as operating income and total assets of the foreign operations constituted less than 10% of the consolidated totals.

(c) Income from International Operations

		(Millions of yen)		
	Income from international operations	Consolidated operating income	Income from international operations / Consolidated operating income	
Year ended March 31, 2004	¥ 21,762	¥ 161,785	13.4%	
Year ended March 31, 2003	¥ 23,197	¥ 164,326	14.1%	

The disclosure of income from international operations has been omitted, as income from international operations constituted less than 10% of consolidated operating income.

20. Related Party Transactions

1. For the fiscal year ended March. 31,2003

There were no relevant transactions with related parties to report.

2. For the fiscal year ended March. 31,2004

(1) Directors and principal individual shareholders

The disclosure of geographical segment information has been omitted as operating income and total assets of the foreign operations constituted less than 10% of the consolidated totals.

Attribute	Name	Address	Common Stock	Title	Equity Ownership	Relationship	Transactions	Transaction Amount	Account	Balance at end of year
Director	Hidemi Ashizuka	-	-	The Bank's corporate auditor Kyushu Electric Power Co.,Inc.'s Executive Vice-President and Representative Director	-	-	Lone	¥5,559 Million	Lone	¥54,909 Million
Director	Tsuguo Nagao	-	-	The Bank's corporate auditor Nishi-nippon Railroad Co.,Ltd.'s President and Representative Director	-	-	Lone	¥1,250 Million	Lone Acceptances and guarantees	¥54,909 Million ¥464 Million

Terms and conditions of the transactions are similar to those of others

(2) Others

There are no relevant transactions with related parties to report

21. Subsequent event

The following appropriations of retained earnings of the Bank, which have not been reflected in the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2004, were approved at a stockholders' meeting held on June 29, 2004:

	(Millions of yen)
Cash dividends (¥2.5 per share)	¥1,585
Bonuses to directors and statutory auditors	40
	¥1,625

Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and consolidated subsidiaries as of March 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, all expressed in yen. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. and consolidated subsidiaries at March 31, 2004 and 2003, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2004 are presented solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 2 to the consolidated financial statements.

June 29, 2004

Shin hihor & Co.

NON-CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.

_	2004	2003	2004
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of U.S. dollars) (Note 2)
Assets			
Cash and due from banks	¥ 207,689	¥ 199,948	\$ 1,965
Call loans	142,779	43,089	1,350
Receivables under securities borrowing transactions	29,394		278
Monetary receivables bought	56,755	8,946	536
Trading assets	1,542	7,665	14
Money held in trust	985	1,511	9
Securities (Notes 3 and 7)	1,350,480	1,362,852	12,777
Loans and bills discounted (Notes 4 and 7)	5,054,430	5,178,486	47,823
Foreign exchange assets	3,465	2,461	32
Other assets (Notes 6 and 7)	65,030	56,337	615
Premises and equipment (Note 5)	142,894	145,543	1,352
Deferred tax assets (Note 18)	33,568	62,669	317
Customers' liabilities for acceptances and guarantees			
(Note 13)	82,299	97,788	778
Reserve for possible loan losses	(96,221)	(176,530)	(910)
Fotal assets	¥ 7,075,095	¥6,990,771	\$ 66,941
iabilities and stockholders' equity			
Liabilities			
Deposits (Notes 7 and 8)	¥ 6,277,867	¥6,164,986	\$ 59,398
Call money	2,642	34,810	24
Payables securities lending transactions (Note 7)	117,093	116,779	1,107
Bills sold (Note 7)		20,000	
Frading liabilities	430	164	4
Borrowed money(Note 9)	74,038	75,013	700
Foreign exchange liabilities	261	224	2
Bonds payable (Note 10)	21,138	24,040	200
Bonds with stock subscription right (Note 10)	47,410	47,417	448
Other liabilities (Note 11)	73,237	57,543	692
Reserve for employee retirement benefits(Note 12)	695	677	6
Deferred tax liabilities on land revaluation(Note 5)	38,190	38,293	361
Acceptances and guarantees (Note 13)	82,299	97,788	778
Fotal liabilities	¥ 6,735,303	¥6,677,737	\$ 63,726
Stockholders' equity			
Common stock (Note 14)	¥ 58,662	¥ 58,658	\$ 555
Capital surplus (Note 14)	36,917	36,913	349
Legal reserve (Note 15)	46,520	46,520	440
Voluntary reserve	75,480	71,256	714
Retained earnings	20,913	8,536	197
_and revaluation account (Note 5)	55,900	56,051	528
Unrealized gains on securities (Note 18)	45,592	35,237	431
Treasury stock	(195)	(142)	(1)
Total stockholders' equity	339,791	313,033	3,214
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Fotal liabilities and stockholders' equity	¥ 7,075,095	¥6,990,771	\$ 66,941

NON-CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS (DEFICIT)

Years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.

_	2004	2003	2004
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of U.S. dollars) (Note 2)
Income			
Income from funds under management:			
Interest on loans and bills discounted	¥ 95,071	¥ 98,219	\$ 899
Interest and dividends on securities	26,606	29,409	251
Interest on call loans	30	85	0
Interest on receivables under securities borrowing			
transactions	0	-	0
Interest on bills bought	0	0	0
Interest on due from banks	3	21	0
Interest on interest rate swap	1,392	1,178	13
Interest on others	319	235	3
Trust fees	2	2	0
Fees and commissions	27,341	24,357	258
Trading income	512	144	4
Other operating income (Note 16)	1,723	1,841	16
Other income (Note 16)	6,750	6,241	63
Total income	159,755	161,737	1,511
Expenses			
Cost of fund-raising:			
Interest on deposits	2,543	3,969	24
Interest on call money	67	533	0
Interest on payables under securities lending	0,	000	
transactions	1,898	1,539	17
Interest on bills sold	0	0	0
Interest on borrowed money	1,914	1,742	18
Interest on borrowed morely	1,369	1,491	12
Interest on borids payable	521	521	4
Interest on bornes with stock subscription right	10,477	11,390	99
Interest on others	342	1,235	3
Fees and commissions	8,996	7,560	85
	73,195	7,360 75,812	692
General and administrative expenses	318	808	3
Other operating expenses (Note 17)			
Other expenses (Note 17)	16,421	39,316	155
Total expenses	118,068	145,921	1,117
Income before income taxes	41,686	15,815	394
Provision for income taxes (Note 18):	400	00	
Current	100	98	0
Deferred	21,923	8,258	207
Net income (Note 19)	19,661	7,458	186
Retained earnings at beginning of year	8,536	19,508	80
Transfer from land revaluation account	151	428	1
Transfer from retained earnings	90	9	0
Appropriations			
Cash dividends	3,171	3,172	30
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	40	50	0
Transfer to retained earnings	4,314	15,645	40
Retained earnings at end of year (Note 21)	¥ 20,913	¥ 8,536	\$ 197

NOTES TO NON-CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended March 31, 2004 The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements of The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. ("the Bank") are prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards and are compiled from the non-consolidated financial statements prepared by the Bank as required under the Securities and Exchange Law of Japan.

Certain amounts in the prior year's financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

As permitted by the Securities and Exchange Law, amounts of less than one million yen have been omitted. As a result, the totals shown in the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements (both in yen and U.S. dollars) do not necessarily agree with the sums of the individual amounts.

b. Accounting Policies

The accompanying non-consolidated financial statements of the Bank have been prepared on the basis of the same accounting policies as those discussed in Note 1 to the consolidated financial statements. Accordingly, the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

2. U.S. Dollar Amounts

Amounts in U.S. dollars are included solely for the convenience of readers outside Japan. The rate of \$105.69 = U.S.\$1, the approximate rate of exchange on March 31, 2004, has been used in translation. The inclusion of such amounts is not intended to imply that Japanese yen have been or could be readily converted, realized or settled in U.S. dollars at that rate or any other rate.

3. Securities

Securities at March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003	
National government bonds	¥ 462,148	¥ 503,194	
Local government bonds	75,269	63,205	
Corporate bonds	320,754	329,411	
Equity securities	103,844	77,128	
Other securities	388,464	389,912	
Total	¥ 1,350,480	¥1,362,852	

See Note 4 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of securities borrowing transaction.

4. Loans and Bills Discounted

Loans and bills discounted at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the following:

	(Million	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003		
Bills discounted	¥ 86,994	¥ 99,660		
Loans on bills	574,268	701,324		
Loans on deeds	3,637,981	3,572,891		
Overdrafts	755,186	804,609		
Total	¥5,054,430	¥5,178,486		

Loans and bills discounted at March 31, 2004 and 2003 included the following loans:

	(Millions of yen)		
	2004	2003	
Loans to borrowers in bankruptcy	¥ 10,785	¥ 38,279	
Delinquent loans	114,846	195,838	
Loans past due for three months or r	more 680	64	
Restructured loans	73,761	108,062	
Total	¥ 200,074	¥ 342,244	

See Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of these loans.

Total face value of commercial bills and bills of exchange acquired through discounting amounted to ¥87,413 million and ¥99,882 million at March 31,2004 and 2003, respectively.

On the balance sheet, the participating principal of ¥16,111 million were recorded as a loan to original obligors in the loan participation in accordance with JICPA Accounting System Committee Report No.3 dated June 1, 1995.

The unused line-of-credit balance relating to overdrafts and loan agreements at Mach 31, 2004 and 2003 amounted to ¥1,641,495 million and ¥1,605,547 million, respectively.

See Note 5 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of the line-of-credit agreements.

5. Premises and Equipment

Premises and equipment at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the following:

	(Millions	of yen)
	2004	2003
Land	¥ 116,484	¥ 116,755
Buildings	68,206	68,074
Other	25,088	31,270
Total	209,779	216,101
Accumulated depreciation	(66,885)	(70,558)
Net book value	¥ 142,894	¥ 145,543

See Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of Land revaluation account.

6. Other Assets

Other assets at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the followings:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Accrued income	¥ 14,177	¥ 15,199
Prepaid expenses	18	31
Financial derivatives	13,123	77
Deferred hedge losses	14,796	22,253
Other	22,915	18,776
Total	¥ 65,030	¥ 56,337

7. Pledged Assets

Assets pledged as collateral at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Assets pledged as collateral		
Securities	¥ 315,413	¥ 341,408
Loans and bills discounted	304,155	234,900
Liabilities corresponding to assets		
pledged as collateral		
Deposits	¥ 29,849	¥ 32,612
Payables securities lending		
transactions	117,093	116,779
Bills sold	-	20,000

In addition, securities totaling ¥227,472 million and ¥234,650 million were pledged as collateral for settlement of exchange and other or as variation margin at March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Other assets included ¥12 million of deposit for clearing house.

8. Deposits

A breakdown of deposits at March 31, 2004 and 2003 was as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Current deposits	¥ 284,876	¥ 270,003
Ordinary deposits	2,953,289	2,758,248
Deposits at notice	30,376	36,886
Time deposits	2,477,910	2,491,008
Negotiable certificates of deposit	214,775	268,414
Other deposits	316,639	340,425
Total	¥ 6,277,867	¥ 6,164,986

9. Borrowed money

See Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of Borrowed money.

10. Bonds payable and Bonds with stock subscription rights

See Note 10 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of these bonds.

11. Other Liabilities

Other liabilities at March 31, 2004 and 2003 consisted of the followings:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Domestic exchange settlement		
account, credit	¥ 27,956	¥ 3,672
Corporation tax	118	143
Accrued expenses	7,735	8,874
Unearned income	4,101	4,366
Employees' deposits	2,465	2,776
Financial derivatives	20,387	22,303
Other	10,471	15,406
Total	¥ 73,237	¥ 57,543

12. Retirement Benefit Plans

See Note 11 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of employee retirement benefit plans.

13. Acceptance and Guarantees

See Note 12 to the consolidated financial statements for the description of acceptance and guarantees.

14. Common Stock and Capital Surplus

Information with respect to the common stock and capital surplus of the Bank at March 31, 2004 and 2003 is as follows:

The authorized number of shares of common stock was 1.8 billion shares at March 31, 2004 and 2003.

	(Millions	of yen)
	2004	2003
Common stock:		
Balance at beginning of the year	¥ 58,658	¥ 58,658
Conversion of convertible bonds	3	-
Balance at end of year	¥ 58,662	¥ 58,658
(Shares issued and outstanding	(634,763	(634,748
at end of year) Tho	usand shares) the	ousand shares)
Capital surplus:		
Balance at beginning of the year	¥ 36,913	¥ 36,913
Conversion of convertible bonds	3	-
Balance at end of year	¥ 36,917	¥ 36,913

15. Legal Reserve

Under the Banking Law of Japan, an amount equivalent to at least 20% of cash dividends and other cash appropriations of retained earnings shall be appropriated to the legal reserve from the retained earnings until such reserve equals 100% of stated capital. This reserve is not available for dividends but may be used to reduce a deficit or may be transferred to capital.

16. Other Operating Income and Other Income

The composition of other operating income for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 was as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Other operating income		
Gains on foreign exchange transactio	ns ¥ 1,654	¥ 1,308
Gains on sales of bonds	69	504
Gains on financial derivatives	-	28
Other	0	0
Total	¥ 1,723	¥ 1,841

The components of other income for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

	(Millions	of yen)
_	2004	2003
Other income:		
Gains on sales of stocks		
and other securities	¥ 1,755	¥ 848
Gains on money held in trust	31	12
Gains on dispositions of premises		
and equipment	-	6
Collection of written-off claims	9	4
Refund for over-payment of the U.S.		
corporate income tax in the past year	-	1,847
Gains from transfer of the substitutional		
portion of future pension obligations	2,524	-
Others	2,429	3,521
Total	¥ 6,750	¥ 6,241

17 Other Operating Expenses and Other Expenses

The composition of other operating expenses for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 was as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003
Other operating expenses:		
Losses on sales of bonds	¥ 214	¥ 400
Losses on redemption of bonds	46	79
Derivative costs	57	-
Others	-	328
Total	¥ 318	¥ 808

The components of other expenses for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
_	2004	2003
Other expenses:		
Transfer to reserve for possible		
loan losses	¥ 5,085	¥ 23,104
Losses on sales of stocks		
and other securities	925	927
Losses on devaluation of stocks		
and securities	480	8,512
Losses on money held in trust	14	0
Losses on sales and disposal of prem	ises	
and equipment	1,011	613
Losses on sales of loans	6,340	1,921
Additional early retirement payment	1,090	466
Others	1,473	3,769
Total	¥ 16,421	¥ 39,316

18. Income Taxes

Income taxes applicable to the Bank comprise corporation tax, inhabitants' taxes and enterprise tax which, in the aggregate, resulted in statutory tax rate of 41.8% for 2004 and 2003.

The significant components of the Bank's deferred tax assets and liabilities as of March 31, 2004 and 2003 were as follows:

	(Millions of yen)	
_	2004	2003
Deferred tax assets:		
Reserve for possible loan losses	¥ 32,147	¥ 63,278
Loss carry forward for tax purposes	27,283	13,174
Reserve for employee retirement bene	efits 12,840	13,108
Devaluation of securities	2,382	3,792
Depreciation expenses	1,609	1,690
Other	2,608	1,663
Subtotal	78,871	96,707
Valuation allowance	(4,362)	-
Total	74,509	96,707
Deferred tax liabilities:		
Unrealized gain on securities	31,148	24,074
Retirement benefit trust	9,223	8,532
Reserve for special depreciation	537	537
Other	32	894
Net deferred tax assets	¥ 33,568	¥ 62,669

The effective tax rates reflected in the statements of income for the year ended March 31, 2004 differ from the statutory tax rate for the following reasons:

Statutory tax rate	40.6%
Adjustments:	
Expenses permanently not deductible	
for income tax purpose	0.3%
Dividend income deductible for income tax purpose	(0.6%)
Unscheduled temporary differences	10.5%
Decrease in deferred tax assets	
due to the change of tax rate	2.0%
Effective tax rate	52.8%

19. Net Income per Share

Net income per share for the years ended March 31, 2004 and 2003 was as follows:

	(Yer	(Yen)	
	2004	2003	
Net income (loss):			
Basic	¥ 30.93	¥ 11.69	
Diluted	27.31	10.74	

Basic net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the year.

Diluted net income per share is computed based on the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding each year after giving effect to the diluted potential of common stock to be issued upon the conversion of convertible bonds.

20. Leases

The following pro forma amounts represent the acquisition costs, accumulated depreciation and net book value of leased assets as of March 31, 2004 and 2003 which would have been reflected in the non-consolidated balance sheets if finance lease accounting had been applied to the finance lease transactions currently accounted for as operating leases:

	(Millions	(Millions of yen)	
	2004	2003	
Equipment:			
Acquisition costs	¥ 12,077	¥ 11,162	
Accumulated depreciation	5,178	5,071	
Net book value	¥ 6,898	¥ 6,091	

Lease payments relating to finance lease transactions accounted for as operating leases amounted to ¥2,161 million and ¥3,089 million for the year ended March 31, 2004 and 2003, respectively. The depreciation expense of the leased assets computed by the straight-line method over the respective lease terms and the interest expense portion included in the lease payments amounted to ¥1,969 million and ¥119 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2004, and ¥2,744 million and ¥265 million, respectively, for the year ended March 31, 2003.

Future minimum lease payments subsequent to March 31, 2004 for finance lease transactions accounted for as operating leases are summarized as follows:

Year ending March 31,	(Millions of yen)
2005	¥ 2,019
2006 and thereafter	5,146
Total	¥ 7,165

21. Subsequent Event

The following appropriation of retained earnings, which have not been reflected in the non-consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2004, were approved at stockholders' meeting held on June 29, 2004:

	(Millions of yen)
Cash dividends (¥2.50 per share)	¥1,585
Bonuses to directors and corporate auditors	40
Voluntary reserve	16,099
	¥17,725

Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying non-consolidated balance sheets of The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. as of March 31, 2004 and 2003, and the related non-consolidated statements of income and retained earnings for the years then ended, all expressed in yen. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Bank's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the non-consolidated financial position of The Bank of Fukuoka, Ltd. at March 31, 2004 and 2003, and the results of its operations for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

The U.S. dollar amounts in the accompanying non-consolidated financial statements with respect to the year ended March 31, 2004 are presented solely for convenience. Our audit also included the translation of yen amounts into U.S. dollar amounts and, in our opinion, such translation has been made on the basis described in Note 2 to the non-consolidated financial statements.

June 29, 2004

Shin Mikon & Co.

COMPANY DATA

BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND AUDITORS

Chairman

Ryoji Tsukuda

President

Kiyoshi Teramoto

Deputy President

Masaaki Tani

Senior Managing Directors

Kazunori Shibuta Kazuo Oniki

Managing Directors

Seiji Yamauchi Osamu Suematsu Masazumi Tsuru Kazutoshi Nakamura Yukuo Osada

Directors

Minoru Katsuno Kenji Hayashi Osamu Obata Jun Tanaka Masao Ito Hajime Suzuki Takashige Shibato

Standing Auditors

Setsuya Yukimasa Nobuhisa Eto

Auditors

Hidemi Ashizuka Yoichi Sugioka Tsuguo Nagao

(As of July 2004)

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Number of Offices

Domestic:	
Fukuoka Prefecture	149
Other districts	17
International:	
Hong Kong/Shanghai/Dalian	3
Total	169

(As of July 2004)

THE BANK OF FUKUOKA, LTD.